Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Year Ended June 30, 2008



June 30, 2008

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June 30, 2008

Elected Officials

Mayor Roger A. Bergman

Council Members Michael Fritz

Geri McCaleb

Edward Nieuwenhuis

John Naser

Appointed Officials

City Manager Patrick McGinnis

City Clerk Linda Niotis

City Treasurer Teri VanHall

Finance Director James Bonamy



November 1, 2008

Mayor Bergman and City Council:

It is with pleasure that we present the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. This is the sixth report using the reporting model required by Statement 34 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

This report has been prepared by the financial services staff of the City of Grand Haven. City Administration holds full responsibility for the completeness and accuracy of all statements, schedules, notes and analysis. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, City Administration maintains a system of internal controls to protect City assets from theft, loss, or misuse and to compile reliable information for presentation of our financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The costs of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits received; therefore the internal controls have been designed to provide reasonable assurance rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As City Administration, we assert, to the best of our knowledge and belief, that this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The Reporting Entity

Grand Haven was established in 1834 by Rix Robinson, a trader, who chose this location because of its natural harbor and the opportunity to do business throughout the Grand River valley. In 1838, Grand Haven was named the County Seat of the County of Ottawa. In 1867, Grand Haven was incorporated as a City. With a population of 11,168 counted in the 2000 census, the City of Grand Haven is the primary government for accounting purposes.

The City of Grand Haven Board of Light and Power, a department of the City by its Charter and an enterprise fund, continues its tradition of presenting its annual financial report under separate cover. This is appropriate due to both the size and complexity of the Board's operations and generally accepted accounting principles. However, due to generally accepted accounting principles, significant information is also provided herein. For further detail on the Board of Light and Power, we recommend viewing the Board's annual report, which is on file at both City Hall and at the Board's offices on Eaton Street in Grand Haven.

In addition to the primary government, this financial report also includes three discrete component units:

The City of Grand Haven Economic Development Authority.

The City of Grand Haven Main Street Downtown Development Authority, and

The City of Grand Haven Brownfield Redevelopment Authority.

The financial reports of these three entities, while separate and distinct from the City of Grand Haven as component units, are included herein.

Note that the Main Street Downtown Development Authority changed its name from the Central Business District Downtown Development Authority in the summer of 2005.

This report also includes a blended component unit:

The City of Grand Haven Building Authority.

The Building Authority is a blended component based on its close relationship with other City of Grand Haven Funds. Capital projects financed through the Building Authority are rented to the City and returned as City assets once payments on the projects and associated debt are completed.

The City of Grand Haven also provides administrative and financial management under contractual agreements with the following organizations:

Grand Haven/Spring Lake Sewer Authority, a separate governmental unit,

Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant, a joint venture of North Ottawa local units of government, and

Ottawa County Central Dispatch Authority, a component unit of Ottawa County.

The financial reports of these three entities, being separate and distinct from the City of Grand Haven, are reported elsewhere and are not included here.

Budgeting and Financial Planning

As part of the City's financial planning process, City Council adopts an annual budget including a five year Capital Improvement Plan. These documents address the City Council's strategy to improve and to maintain the health and quality of life of the City. The budget document provides the financial framework for planning and control as well as defines the City Council's vision for the future. The Capital Improvement Plan provides the Council and staff with a strategy for future major capital items and related financial resources that will be required over the next five years to implement Council's vision.

The budget process begins in late fall with a City Council goal setting session with the City Manager. Consulting with the various City Boards, the City Manager, Finance Director and Department Heads draft the budget on a line item basis, considering capital and operational priorities separately and combining all into a preliminary budget document. The City Manager is required by City Charter to present a proposed budget to City Council by April 1. After a public work session and a separate formal public hearing, City Council adopts the City's budget by May 15 and sets the tax millage rates for the new fiscal year at the same time. Interested citizens are invited to participate throughout the budget planning process, at City Council's goal-setting session and at the various work sessions and public hearings.

After the close of the fiscal year, the CAFR is prepared to report on the financial condition of the City and the results of operations. Included in the report are budget-to-actual comparisons of revenues and expenditures. Disclosure of both the original budget and the final amended budget continues. The report is reviewed in draft form by an Audit Review Committee whose mission is:

- to annually certify the purpose of the audit (as a test of the City's financial accounting and reporting systems).
- to annually review the audit report with City Administration and the Auditors and seek clarifications to any questions they may have.
- to direct staff to include a short memo summary of the audit for City Council when presenting same.
- to "receive the audit and recommend that City Council receive the audit" when presenting the audit report to City Council.
- to meet briefly with the Auditors, excusing City Administration, to ask any questions about the audit report, the Auditing firm, City administration efforts, etc.

The Audit Review Committee includes members of the public plus two City Council members. The City Manager and Finance Director act as staff support liaisons to the Audit Review Committee.

Economic Condition and Outlook

Current state economic conditions continue to present employment challenges for displaced employees and the local economy as a whole. Economic forecasts indicate a continuation of challenging conditions for Michigan in 2008 and, some speculate, for at least four more years. Significant are the continuing American auto industry capital reductions and employee buy-out plans, signaling further retrenching in Michigan's manufacturing economy. While some auto-related manufacturers reside as local businesses in Grand Haven, their economic condition mirrors the continuing unsettled nature of the state's economy. Fortunately, West Michigan communities are more diverse in their economic conditions than communities on the east side of the State. With the recent credit crunch and stock market volatility as well, the current economic climate provides continuing challenges to surmount.

While Grand Haven saw the closing of Eagle Ottawa Leather and Magna Donnelly causing employment reductions, limited new industrial investment during the fiscal year did occur. The City continues to monitor industrial sector employment closely as City Council reviews new Industrial Facilities Tax Exemption Certificates. Numerous industrial facility tours have provided City Council with an understanding of the pressures of the manufacturing community.

Interestingly, Grand Landing, a major new multi-use development on the northern border of the community brought significant investment into the community, along with a Brownfield TIF district to capture taxes on the property to fund public infrastructure improvements. A \$22,000,000 investment has already been completed and additional investment is planned. Forecasts anticipate greater private investment than originally thought which should ensure future payments on Brownfield TIF outstanding debt.

The State of Michigan continues to face budget difficulties and continues to consider revising the community funding structure and other payments to local governments to resolve their budgetary concerns. City Administration conservatively forecasted this revenue source for the reported fiscal year. The initial budget of \$1,220,000 was amended downward by \$206,620. Final receipts totaled \$1,031,381. Further limitations in State funding are possible for FY 2008-09 and a conservative forecast has been continued.

While the aforementioned issues indicate serious concern, at the end of the fiscal year, Standard and Poor's upgraded their rating to "AA" on the City's 2006 Downtown TIF Bonds, 2006 Building Authority Bonds and 2006 Brownfield TIF Redevelopment Bonds and 2008's \$9,400,000 UTGO Infrastructure Bonds. The 2008 Infrastructure Bonds will be financed by a one mill levy approved in November, 2007. This independent public recognition of the City Council's direction and administration's conservative fiscal policies allowed the City to achieve excellent interest rates for these issues, continuing the City Council focus of providing a high quality of life at as limited a cost as possible.

The City has successfully maintained greater than 11% of revenue as a reserve in the General Fund to address contingencies. During the fiscal year, City Council approved a post-audit transfer of \$1,500,000 to the Public Improvement Fund. City Administration believes that the City will continue to weather current economic conditions favorably.

Fiscal Year 2007-08 Initiatives

The City of Grand Haven had another successful year in providing quality services to its citizens. The direction of the City Council in maintaining healthy fund balances permits the City to continue to invest in the infrastructure and capital needs of the City. During the past fiscal year, the City was able to make significant improvements within the City including:

Public Works – William Hunter, Director

- Designed three storm water storage areas for Slayton, Grand Ave., and the North Shore.
- Implemented ongoing SWPPI commitments.
- Completed Jackson Street (West) phase II reconstruction.
- Began Jackson Street (East) phase III reconstruction, 50% complete by June 30.
- Began Waverly Street reconstruction, 50% complete by June 30.
- Expanded annual resurfacing and City-wide crack sealing projects.
- Replaced (2) 5 ton dump trucks, a stainless steel material spreader with pre-wetting and a 1.5 ton utility truck with crane.
- Installed a new water main for the DPW Garage and City Marina.
- Installed a cathodic protection system for 2 million gallon water tank.

<u>Special Projects Manager – Julie Beaton</u>

- Completed Phase One of the \$1,009,038 marina dock on time and under budget.
- Completed the Community Center renovation project in August 2007. Also, the design for the Acacia Auditorium renovation project was completed and the construction contract was awarded for completion following the fiscal year.
- Awarded the contract for the Lake Forest Cemetery expansion design project.

- Awarded the contract for Washington Avenue (first three blocks) reconstruction design which was 50% complete at the end of June, 2008.
- Received both the Tree City USA Award and the Growth Award for the City.
- Completed construction of the Village District of Grand Landing and the first half of the Adams Avenue Row House District of Grand Landing. Also completed extensive geotechnical investigation with on site testing (needed for final design of the Waterfront District of Grand Landing).
- Inventoried the Washington Avenue/Seventh Street holiday lights.

Facilities Management - Dan Vivian, Facilities Manager

- Replaced the Lee Chapel Steeple.
- Issued requests for proposal to upgrade the Community Center ballroom audio system.
- Upgraded the Lake Forest Cemetery irrigation system.
- Provided input for new Chinook Pier conceptual plans.
- Prepared a request for proposals for a security system installation in Harbor Transit facility.
- Replaced the Public Safety transaction window (bullet resistant) glass.

Community Affairs - Sandra Katt, Manager

- Celebrated the first anniversary of the new Community Center in August, 2008.
- Achieved a return rate of 99% of pre-reconstruction Community Center users.
 - 1. Negotiations with Central Park Players resulted in their return to the Community Center with three new performances for 2008-2009.
 - New marketing materials, an updated website, a special wedding package and additional amenities have positioned the Community Center as a popular site for wedding receptions. The Holiday Shopping Center and Coast Guard Art Fair have been two new popular events bringing in hundreds of visitors.
 - Welcomed over 100 events working with local nonprofits and other surrounding organizations and communities.
- Additional staff was hired for the waterfront seasonal crew to take over additional responsibilities previously performed by the DDA.
- Mulligan's Hollow Lodge became a more popular venue for small weddings, corporate workshops, birthday celebrations and graduation activities.
- The Ski Bowl had a profitable year due to direct City oversight and employs 30 part time seasonal workers.
- Celebrated the Mulligan's Hollow Skate Park first anniversary in June, 2008, increasing use bringing in youth from surrounding areas.

Public Safety - Dennis S. Edwards, Director

- The Director was appointed by Governor Granholm to the Citizen-Community Emergency Response Coordinating Council for a 4 year term to advise the Department of State Police Emergency Management Division.
- Installed the Pier Life Ring Alarm system with cameras.
- Organized and held a Local Emergency Management Planning Team meeting to collect data from each of the emergency management sectors (Fire, Police, EMS, etc.) on what efforts are in place to handle certain types of emergencies within Ottawa County for the Department of Homeland Security on where and how dollars need to be spent for homeland security training, equipment, etc.
- Completed Incident Command System (ICS) level 300 & 400 (Advanced ICS) classes keeping the proper personnel trained should a large scale event occur.
- Held the annual Fire Open House which was a great success with approximately 400 in attendance.
- Completed staff firearms training which included scenario based training with new "Simunitions" equipment.
- Received and placed in service a new Pumper/Rescue truck.
- Replaced a fire records program with new Fire House software.
- Conducted investigations into metals thefts and breaking and entering that have occurred since May 2007.

- Completed the annual policy review and made changes as needed. A new master policy file was created and all policies are available to each officer on the network in PDF format.
- Delivery and set up was completed on the new in car video server. The cameras were installed during the first week of 2008 and training for all staff is complete.
- Received a FEMA Port Security Grant award of \$125.623 for cameras along the waterfront from the South Pier to the US-31 Lift Bridge, a continuation of the Pier Camera Project started in early 2007.
- Hosted Fire Officer classes garnering \$6,404 in revenue after expenses.
- Appointed a new Code Enforcement Officer/PSO III who started these duties in February, 2008.
- Completed installation of ICOP in-car video recording.
- Installed a new document scanner and trained all personnel to improve access to reports and data.
- · Received new fire "Turnout Gear" and distributed it to staff.
- Began a Civilian Emergency Response Team (CERT) Program providing us with citizens that are trained in basic emergency preparedness information and can help during a local disaster or at local special events.
- Received victims of crimes follow up survey cards presenting an overall department rating of 4.45 out of a possible 5.

City Clerk – Linda Niotis, City Clerk

- Obtained non-profit standard election mail status allowing large mailings (200+ pieces at one time) of absentee ballot applications and ballots to be mailed at reduced rates.
- Conducted four elections.
- Coordinated Mayor's Exchange events, Boards and Commissions Appreciation Dinner, City Beautiful Awards Program and Calendar, Coast Guard Honorary Citizens.
- Assisted with transition of City's website to current vendor.
- Continued electronic access to the Code of Ordinances internally and via the Internet.
- Continued scanning and indexing of contracts, agreements, minutes, and other permanent information into Laserfishe.
- · Continued cemetery records documentation.

Treasury - Teri Van Hall, City Treasurer

- Collection of past IFT abated taxes from a former industrial site.
- Increased use of Official Payments online for credit card customers.
- Increased delinquent Cost Recovery collections.
- Initiated a Parking Ticket Log which provides guicker access to information.
- Replaced the automatic revenue collection machine at the City Boat Launch increasing revenue and ensuring better internal control.
- Increased collections of delinquent personal property taxes.
- Established a Collection Agency program expanding collection success.
- Installed a new input system for property taxes which increases efficiency and decreases errors.

Planning and Development Department - Kristin Keery, City Planner

- Restructured Housing and Code Enforcement Officer position to full time and developed joint Code Enforcement/PSO position with Public Safety.
- Began update to the City's Master Plan (to be complete summer '09).
- Continuing the update of the Sensitive Area Overlay Plan and applicable sections of the Zoning Ordinance (to be completed winter '08).
- Ongoing support and review of several large scale developments, including Grand Landing, Country Inn & Suites Hotel (Grand Plaza Planned Development), Pinewood Place Senior Assisted Living community expansion, and redevelopment of Bil Mar Restaurant.
- Completed a \$47,000 county-wide Housing Needs Assessment.
- Expanded neighborhood counseling services (homebuyer education and foreclosure prevention).
- Continued Neighborhood Impact Program (NIP) \$12,000 grant in partnership with Macatawa Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank for existing homeowner rehabilitation.

- Continued Home Purchase Rehabilitation Grant \$180,000 grant from Michigan State Housing Development Authority. The grant will assist 5 new home buyers with rehabilitation and down payment assistance.
- Continued analysis of seasonal/short term rental issues.
- Reviewed 42 site plans with the Planning Commission.
- 1,285 permits were issued with a construction value of \$39,674,103 raising fees of \$351,431 to support the cost of the building inspection department.

Harbor Transit – Tom Manderscheid, Transportation Director

- MDOT GRANT 2002 0040 Z13: Telephone Communications system Bid package released May 1, 2007. Bids read May 30, 2007. Bid awarded to EXORDIUM August 20, 2007 in the amount of \$4,655. Telephone system to be installed and training provided October 16, 2007. Telephone system 'live' October 17, 2007. This contract expired December 5, 2007.
- MDOT 2007-0214 Z1 Service Development & New Technology (SDNT): This grant provides \$90,000 to develop a Strategic Plan, and study multi-governmental funding mechanisms and formulas (nation wide) that support local financial commitment to transit systems. Awarded 2006. Executed November 20, 2006. Contract expired January 10, 2010.
- Extended service to North Ridge Condos and North Ottawa Care Facility located in Spring Lake Township. Contacts valued at \$5,700 annually.

<u>Airport – Tom Manderscheid, Transportation Director</u>

 Grand Haven Airport Phase IV Tree Removal/Topping contract to clear or top trees on five parcels on 160th Avenue and the South and West approached was awarded to Integrity Tree Service for \$18,240. The project is not grant eligible and will be funded through the Airport Fund.

<u>Human Resources – Michele Mahawili, Human Resources Manager</u>

- Initiated Wellness Initiative for all city employees. Hired Healthtrack and completed a Health Risk Assessment for 95% of our employees. Healthtrack also provides monthly coaching to encourage a change in behavior; based on the number of employees participating in walking events and weight loss events the program has been very successful.
- For General Employees hired after June 30, 2007 retiree health care has been eliminated.
- An employee committee meets on a regular basis to provide feedback on the Wellness Program, EAC benefits and health care insurance issues.
- Our yearly renewal for our Health Insurance increased only 1.6%.
- Hired several key positions including the Director of Transportation and the Manager of Facilities.
- Continued to develop a new employee manual for implementation in 2008.
- Implemented a new PTO system for any new hire effective April 1, 2008.

Administration - Lisa Sutterfield, Assistant City Manager

- Introduced the Grand Haven Green Store in July 2008 through a summer environmental intern.
- Initiated Urban Deer Task Force, presented recommendations to the City Council and composed an Urban Deer Management Plan. Initiated construction of two enclosures for deer observation.
- Participated in Tri-Cities Leadership Connect program.
- Revised the City web site through a contracted vendor.
- Served on the North Ottawa Recreation Program and assisted in the organizational changes.
- Completed the Skate Park signage program.
- Reorganized Planning Department staff and added housing staff through grant funding.
- · Revised City Organizational Charts.
- Provided administrative oversight for Human Resource and Planning Departments.
- Organized Risk Management Activities for the city, including property and liability insurance.
- Served as City Representative on all Harbor Dredging issues.

Finance - Accounting, Assessing, Information Technology - Jim Bonamy, Finance Director

- Attained a "AA" Standard and Poor's rating for 2008 UTGO Infrastructure bonds sold in June.
- Continued successful presentations of City Budget and annual unqualified or "clean" audits.
- Continued financial reporting to City Council, Departments and various Boards and Commissions.
- Continued detailed financial reporting in Brownfield and grants administration.
- Applied diverse funding sources to prepare for significant reconstruction of Jackson Street and north end infrastructure.
- Continued accounting for a \$710,000 Brownfield TIF (Boat Storage) Bond, a \$2,830,000 Building Authority Bond and a \$15,095,000 Brownfield TIF (Grand Landing) Bond.
- Continued staff liaison support to the Audit Review Committee, the Economic Development Corporation and the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority.
- Continued fiscal administration for the Ottawa County Central Dispatch Authority.
- Maintained operations of over 80 computers installed throughout the City.
- Installed fiber connections to the Community Center and NOWS Plant for computer and telephone systems. Issued requests for proposals for new IP phone systems at DPW and NOWS.
- Transitioned from Novell Netware server to Microsoft Server platform with limited interruptions.
- Ensured offsite backup of City IT files and operational support through vendor selection process.
- Established goal to replace AS/400 accounting system server in summer 2008.

Main Street Downtown Development Authority - Dana Kollewehr, MSDDA Director

- Completed parking lots 2 and 3 reconstruction.
- Assisted in removal of former dry cleaner building to create a new parking area, consisting of 19 spaces, at the corner of Franklin and 1st Street.
- Purchased and installed six new bike racks for the downtown.
- Began Washington Avenue infrastructure re-design and update in cooperation with City staff and City Council.
- Developed three new special events in the downtown.
- Launched the downtown dumpster program through a joint effort with the City of Grand Haven.
- Developed and organized six training seminars for downtown businesses.
- Began the process of recruiting businesses through the development of a business recruitment strategy.

Future Major Initiatives

Intensive discussions on needed infrastructure and financial alternatives continued throughout the fiscal year. The infrastructure project, engineered by Fishbeck, Thompson, Carr and Huber, provided a comprehensive overview of infrastructure needs. Concurrent reviews by City administration, financial consultants and an ad hoc Infrastructure Task Force continued the process. Water and sewer consumption rates were studied in anticipation of future infrastructure costs, but no increase occurred during the fiscal year. An election in November 2007 provided supporting millage for the \$9,400,000 UTGO Infrastructure Bond sold in June, 2008. The Budget for fiscal year 2008-09 notes significant anticipated capital and operational activities. Copies for public review are available at City Hall.

Reporting Model Format

The objective of the Financial Statements of the City of Grand Haven under GASB Statement 34 is to highlight the accountability of the City by providing useful information to a wide range of users. A few of the more significant reporting requirements include:

This transmittal letter and the "Management Discussion and Analysis" (MD&A). These documents provide an in-depth review and discussion of the City's financial position. GASB Statement 34 provides very specific guidance for topics that must be covered in the MD&A. Many of the key financial topics are covered by the MD&A which can be found immediately after the auditor's opinion letter.

- Entity-wide statements are presented on a full accrual basis of accounting. The full accrual method addresses overall operating results and the financial position of the City as an economic entity, as is done in the private sector.
- In the basic financial statements, individual fund activity is disclosed for major funds. Non-major funds are combined in one column. Reporting by major fund helps readers focus attention on "big picture" items. As in prior years, the individual statements for governmental type activities are reported on a modified accrual basis. This means that all non-entity-wide statements require reconciliation schedules to the entity wide statements.
- Because of the differing basis of accounting (full accrual vs. modified accrual), numbers will not easily
 trace to the entity wide statements without the reconciliation. The modified accrual basis accounting is
 the traditional method used for governmental activities and provides an easier framework for
 budgeting and controlling expenditures.

Independent Audit

State statutes and the City Charter require an annual financial audit by an independent certified public accounting firm. In May 2003, City Council selected the accounting firm of BDO Seidman, Certified Public Accountants, who provided auditing services for the first years of the engagement. In the summer of 2004, BDO Seidman sold its Muskegon office to former BDO partners. Pridnia LaPres, PLLC provides the same auditing staff originally provided by BDO Seidman and at the same cost. The City Council of the City of Grand Haven has indicated that the City will seek proposals for auditing services for the next fiscal year under a policy of periodic proposal seeking to assure low cost, high quality auditing.

Acknowledgments

The work of preparing the financial report has required the help and assistance of many people. The staff of the Finance Department and the Treasurer's Office in particular spent many hours working on this project. Katrina Robinson, Accounting Supervisor, deserves special thanks for her significant efforts in organizing and directing the audit preparation work.

Additionally, the positive financial position the City of Grand Haven displayed in this CAFR could not have been achieved without the valuable efforts of the City's Administrative Staff in following City Council defined policies and effective administrative procedures. Appreciation for their efforts and congratulations on a "job well done" are hereby offered to:

Julie Beaton, Special Projects Manager
Dana Bulson Kollewehr, MSDDA Director
Dennis S. Edwards, Director of Public Safety
William Hunter, Public Works Manager
Sandra Katt, Community Affairs Manager
Kristin Keery, City Planner
Michele Mahawili, Human Resources Manager
Tom Mandersheid, Director of Transportation
Linda Niotis, City Clerk
John Stuparits, Wastewater Superintendent
Lisa Sutterfield, Assistant City Manager
Joseph VanderStel, Water Plant Manager
Teri Van Hall, City Treasurer
Dan Vivian, Facilities Manager

Sincerely,

Patrick McGinnis City Manager 616 847-4888 pmcginnis@grandhaven.org James P. Bonamy Finance Director 616 935-3214 jbonamy@grandhaven.org





Independent Auditors' Report

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Grand Haven, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Grand Haven's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall basic financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan, as of June 30, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedule of funding progress on pages 16 through 29 and pages 84 through 87 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Grand Haven's basic financial statements. The combining funds statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining funds statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied by us in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, based on our audit, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Muskegon, Michigan October 27, 2008

Pridnia dather, PLLC

1) Financial Highlights:

- a) In all material respects, the City of Grand Haven ended the fiscal year in an overall better financial position than it started the year. All funds ended the year as expected with positive fund balance with the exception of the Main Street Downtown Development Authority and the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Funds, both component unit funds (pages 46-47). General Fund total expenditures finished under budget, although, including transfers out, the fund had a \$144,421 decrease in fund balance (page 84). Including component units, overall debt increased due to the addition of a \$9,400,000 UTGO Infrastructure Bond issued in June, 2008.
- b) Governmental activity net assets totaled \$48,885,894 at June 30, 2008, up from \$48,319,813 at June 30, 2007 (page 30).
- c) Business-type activities net assets totaled \$38,404,679 at June 30, 2008, up from \$32,534,391 at June 30, 2007 (page 30).
- d) Total expenses for governmental activities totaled \$10,903,172 at June 30, 2008 and \$10,205,305 at June 30, 2007 (page 32).
- e) Total expenses for business-type activities totaled \$36,386,937 at June 30, 2008 and \$37,383,100 at June 30, 2007 (page 32).
- f) The General Fund is healthy. Fund balance decreased by \$144,421. Year end fund balance for the General Fund totaled \$3,336,085, down from \$3,480,506 at June 30, 2007 (page 35).
- g) The General Fund cash position is also healthy at \$3,078,214 as of June 30, 2008, up from \$3,310,872 as of June 30, 2007 (page 34).
- h) The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority Fund posted a fund deficit position of \$862,935 as of June 30, 2008 compared to \$617,014 as of June 30, 2007. The deficit will be eliminated over time by future revenue in tax increments and electric utility franchise fees (page 47).
- i) The Main Street Downtown Development Authority (MSDDA) Fund posted a fund deficit position of \$202,781 as of June 30, 2008 compared to a deficit of \$297,423 as of June 30, 2007. The deficit will be eliminated over time by future revenue in tax increments (page 46).
- j) The Health Benefits Fund net assets balance position is \$728,787 at June 30, 2008 compared to \$817,514 at June 30, 2007. As the policy of the fund is to target a \$300,000 fund balance for cash flow purposes, revenues from operating funds were reduced compared to expenses (Page 109).
- k) A fire in January 2008 damaged a portion of the Chinook Pier buildings, purchased in 2005. Fortunately, property insurance coverage allowed timely repair of the building, incurring no current costs other than the payment of a \$1,000 deductible. During the fiscal year, \$97,007 was paid by the insurance company, the remainder (including loss of rental revenue) of \$48,486 to be paid in November, 2008, after the close of the fiscal year.
- A \$9,400,000 UTGO Infrastructure Bond was sold in June, 2008. Voters approved one mill to support infrastructure project bonds in November 2007. The City received an upgraded Standard and Poor's rating of "AA" on all outstanding debt. Capital projects related to these bonds are anticipated to begin in the spring of 2009.
- m) A \$3,345,000 Downtown TIF Bond was sold in January 2006. Proceeds from current tax increment increases in the Main Street Downtown Development Authority area support the debt service. The project began construction in September, 2006 and continued beyond the end of the fiscal year reported.
- n) The \$710,000 2005 Brownfield TIF Bond (Boat Storage Site) construction was completed in the summer of 2005. During the reported fiscal year, the debt service fund continued its principal and interest payments on the bond.
- o) A \$2,830,000 Building Authority bond was issued in August 2006 for the Community Center expansion/renovation project, which was completed in August, 2007, during the reported fiscal year. The related debt service fund continued its principal and interest payments on the bond. Voted millage is dedicated to debt retirement by City Council directive.
- p) A \$15,095,000 Brownfield TIF Bond was issued in September 2006 for public infrastructure costs at the Grand Landing site. Increased millage from private investment on the property is proposed to fund debt service. During the reported fiscal year, the debt service fund continued its interest

payments on the bond. Public environmental remediation and infrastructure construction is anticipated to continue through 2011.

q) The cash position and net assets position of the various enterprise funds will continue to be studied in FY 2008-09. An overall \$871,998 increase in combined City proprietary funds net assets occurred during the fiscal year (excluding the Board of Light and Power) (page 40). The Marina Fund net assets increased by \$959,905 due to a dock replacement project funded 50% by the State and a transfer from the City's Public Improvement Fund to provide the local match. This was mitigated by a loss in the Harbor Transit Fund of \$171,238, most of the reduction due to losses in State and other revenue. Those losses will continue to be studied during the 2008-09 fiscal year to determine appropriate service levels. Total proprietary fund net assets at the end of the fiscal year (excluding the Board of Light and Power) were \$18,935,939 compared to \$18,063,941 as of June 30, 2007.

2) Overview of the Financial Statements:

a) Overall financial picture

The financial statements provide two views of the City's financial position. At the broadest level, called the government-wide statements, the report summarizes all City funds into one statement using the full accrual method of accounting. This method of accounting is similar to private sector accounting.

i) Statement of Net Assets

The *Statement of Net Assets* provides information on assets, liabilities and the difference between assets and liabilities, or net assets. Over time, increases and decreases in net assets can serve as a barometer of financial health. A trend of increasing net assets is viewed as a sign of improving condition. The *Statement of Net Assets* is similar to a balance sheet in private sector accounting.

ii) Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Activities* explains the change in net assets through revenue and expense analysis and comparison. All changes in net assets are reported as the change occurs. This means the statement includes depreciation on the assets. The statement does not report any capital projects. Capital projects are reported on the *Statement of Net Assets*.

b) Fund Focus

Governmental accounting focuses on individual governmental funds. A fund is defined as a group of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Funds are used to ensure compliance with finance-related legal or regulatory requirements. Funds are classified as either governmental funds, proprietary funds or fiduciary funds.

i) Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are essentially equal to governmental activities except that internal service funds are proprietary funds included in governmental activities. Internal service funds are not governmental funds. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources and the resulting balances of spendable resources. In the governmental funds statements, accounting for items such as capital outlay, depreciation, debt payments, and accrued vacation is different than in the government-wide statements. In governmental funds, capital outlay and debt principal are reported on the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance*. Depreciation is not recorded. The rule for reporting accrued vacation is more restrictive. The *Balance Sheet* for governmental funds does not include any capital assets or long-term debt.

(1) Major Funds

Under Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34, the focus has shifted from the governmental fund type to a major funds emphasis. Major funds are the largest funds in terms of assets, liabilities, revenues or expenses/expenditures. Greater detail is presented in Major Funds. For the City of Grand Haven, the following funds meet this major funds requirement:

- General Fund
- Public Improvement Fund
- 2008 UTGO Infrastructure Bond Fund
- · Board of Light and Power Fund

Note that the Board of Light and Power Fund is a department of the City by City Charter, but issues its own annual financial report. Detail regarding its operations not found in this report may be found in that audit report, which is available at City Hall or at the Board's offices on Eaton Street.

(2) Non-major funds

In the basic financial statements, the remaining funds are considered non-major funds and are consolidated into one column. These are smaller, less active funds. Detailed information about non-major funds can be found after the Notes to the Financial Statements.

ii) Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds use the full accrual method of accounting for both government-wide statements and fund level statements. There are two types of proprietary funds.

(1) Enterprise Funds

These funds are used to report business-like activities. In general, these funds charge a fee for goods or services provided. Also, the fee is generally expected to recover the cost of providing the goods or services. The City of Grand Haven uses enterprise funds for water distribution, wastewater collection, transit, marina, airport, rental of the Chinook Pier building and the Board of Light and Power (BLP). The BLP fund qualifies as a major fund as noted above.

(2) Internal Service Funds

These funds provide goods or services to other city activities or functions. Internal service funds facilitate cost allocation of centralized services such as vehicle maintenance; health benefits; liability, property and auto insurance; worker and unemployment compensation; and claims administration. The City of Grand Haven has three internal service funds, the Motorpool Fund, the Self Insurance Fund and the Health Benefits Fund.

iii) Component Units

The City of Grand Haven's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) includes three discrete component units. Component units are separate legal entities for which the City of Grand Haven has some level of financial accountability. Discrete component units are shown on pages 46-49. The City of Grand Haven's discrete component units include:

- The Economic Development Corporation.
- The Main Street Downtown Development Authority (MSDDA)
- The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority

The City of Grand Haven CAFR includes one blended component unit:

- The City of Grand Haven Building Authority.

The Building Authority is a blended component unit based on its close relationship with other City of Grand Haven Funds. Capital projects financed through the Building Authority are rented to the City and returned as City assets once payments on the project and associated debt are completed.

More information about all component units can be found in the notes to the financial statements and in the schedules following the notes.

c) Notes to the Financial Statements

Immediately following the Government-wide financial statements are the Notes to the Financial Statements. The Notes are an integral part of the financial statements. The Notes contain many additional disclosures about the financial health and policies of the City.

3) Financial Analysis

a) Net Assets

The *Statement of Net Assets* provides an overview of the City's assets, liabilities and net assets. As mentioned above, this can provide a good indicator of the City's fiscal health over time. A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented pursuant to GASB requirements.

On the next page is a summarized version of the *Statement of Net Assets*.

City of Grand Haven, Michigan Net Assets

	As of June 30, 2008			As of June 30, 2007			
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$24,973,853 38,510,450	\$34,469,984 63,715,930	\$59,443,837 102,226,380	\$16,965,741 37,153,036	\$33,778,793 63,377,901	\$50,744,534 100,530,937	
Total assets	63,484,303	98,185,914	161,670,217	54,118,777	97,156,694	151,275,471	
Long-term debt Other liabilities	13,503,559 1,094,850	48,898,656 10,882,579	62,402,215 11,977,429	4,630,426 1,168,538	53,576,295 11,046,008	58,206,721 12,214,546	
Total liabilities	14,598,409	59,781,235	74,379,644	5,798,964	64,622,303	70,421,267	
Net assets Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,917,717	17,082,402	52,000,119	33,195,282	15,655,239	48,850,521	
Restricted	4,959,948	5,815,887	10,775,835	6,014,548	6,161,262	12,175,810	
Unrestricted	9,008,229	15,506,390	24,514,619	9,109,983	10,717,890	19,827,873	
Total net assets	\$48,885,894	\$38,404,679	\$87,290,573	\$48,319,813	\$32,534,391	\$80,854,204	

The total net assets are \$87,290,573, up from \$80,854,204 last year (above). Investment in capital assets including infrastructure totals \$209,319,439 of which \$198,827,675 is being depreciated, leaving \$102,226,380 in net capital assets (from Note #4). The single largest category in capital assets is the City's investment in production and treatment systems of \$98,684,609 (Note #4). Of the more liquid assets, \$10,775,835 is restricted (page 30). The City has \$24,514,619 in unrestricted net assets (page 30).

Changes in Net Assets

i) Governmental Activities Highlights
 The table on the next page shows how activities created changes in net assets during the fiscal year.

City of Grand Haven, Michigan Changes in Net Assets

	Year en	nded June 30,	2008	Year ended June 30, 2007			
	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	Governmental Activities	Business- type Activities	Total	
Revenues							
Program revenue							
Charges for services	\$1,703,866	\$38,435,403	\$40,139,269	\$1,634,754	\$37,383,982	\$39,018,736	
Grants and contributions	1,041,192	1,795,195	2,836,387	1,164,294	3,402,928	4,567,222	
General revenues							
Property Taxes	7,723,720	-	7,723,720	7,303,030	-	7,303,030	
Federal and state contributions	1 052 927		1,052,837	1 125 400		1,135,490	
	1,052,837	760,002	1,422,533	1,135,490	022 120		
Investment earnings Gain (loss) on sale of	662,440	760,093	, ,	920,414	932,130	1,852,544	
Assets	-	900	900	2,170,908	21,856	2,192,764	
Other	260,130	290,702	550,832	201,924	176,564	378,488	
Total revenues	12,444,185	41,282,293	53,726,478	14,530,814	41,917,460	56,448,274	
Expenses							
General government	2,499,227	-	2,499,227	2,779,148	-	2,779,148	
Public safety	4,104,463	-	4,104,463	3,716,753	-	3,716,753	
Public works	3,182,411	-	3,182,411	2,733,013	-	2,733,013	
Culture and recreation	989,036	-	989,036	817,961	-	817,961	
Interest	128,035	-	128,035	158,430	-	158,430	
Board of Light and Power	-	31,118,622	31,118,622	-	31,633,829	31,633,829	
Other proprietary funds	-	5,268,315	5,268,315	-	5,749,271	5,749,271	
Total expenses	10,903,172	36,386,937	47,290,109	10,205,305	37,383,100	47,588,405	
Change in nets before							
transfers	1,541,013	4,895,356	6,436,369	4,325,509	4,534,360	8,859,869	
Transfers	(974,932)	974,932	· · ·	(501,095)	501,095	-	
Change in net assets	566,081	5,870,288	6,436,369	3,824,414	5,035,455	8,859,869	
Net assets, beginning of year	48,319,813	32,534,391	80,854,204	44,495,399	27,498,936	71,994,335	
Ending net assets		\$38,404,679	\$87,290,573	\$48,319,813	\$32,534,391		

⁽¹⁾ Revenue sources and changes

Total revenue from all sources totaled \$53,726,478 of which \$12,444,185 was from governmental activities and \$41,282,293 was from business-type activities. \$7,723,720 of

governmental revenue is from property taxes. The millage rate for general operations remained the same 9.6639 mills from the prior year. Another \$1,052,837 in revenue was from unrestricted state shared revenue. Charges for services brought in \$1,703,866 of governmental activities revenue and \$38,435,403 in business-type activities.

(2) Expenses and expenditures changes

(a) Overall cost

Using a full accrual basis of accounting, the City of Grand Haven spent \$10,903,172 on governmental activities. From this perspective, the City depreciates capital assets including infrastructure such as streets and sidewalks. The City spent \$4,104,463 on public safety, \$2,499,227 on general government, \$3,182,411 on public works activities and culture and recreation expenses totaled \$989,036. Interest on debt under governmental activities totaled \$128,035.

(b) Operating transfers

Significant transfers of funds between governmental funds occurred during the year. Transfers out of the General Fund totaled \$2,686,683 the greatest portion of these being transferred into the Public Improvement Fund, a total of \$1,705,210 including a post 2007 audit transfer of \$1,500,000. These post-audit transfers may occur on an annual basis upon City Council approval and are the primary source of capital improvement revenue. For clarity of reporting, they are noted here.

ii) Business-type Activities - Highlights

Business-type activities show an increase in net assets of \$5,870,288 from revenues of \$41,282,293. The largest source of revenue for business-type activities was from charges for services of \$38,435,403. Charges for services of non-major proprietary funds are further detailed as follows:

•	Water	\$1,456,437
•	Wastewater	1,376,319
•	Harbor Transit	146,325
•	Marina	285,768
•	Airport	89,957
•	Chinook Pier	101,962

As the Board of Light and Power produces its own audited annual financial report, further information on their activities may be obtained from that document.

Wastewater collection and water distribution are the largest business-type activities after the Board of Light and Power, \$1,281,152 and \$1,555,463 in operating expenses respectively.

(1) City Water (Distribution)

The City Water Fund is a capital intensive activity. In recent years, the fund has been showing a slight increase in net assets, but it is showing a decrease in cash position anticipated by Jackson and Waverly projects. Water rates were increased by 25 cents per 1000 gallons effective July 1, 2005 (prior to the fiscal year reported herein), anticipating future capital needs. The City continues to study a large infrastructure project including water distribution line replacement. In November 2007, voters approved a \$9,400,000 capital improvement (2008 Infrastructure) bond (approximately 1 mill for 20 years). Improving meter reading technology remains under consideration. The FY2008-09 budget includes funds to study the water distribution system and to determine the best method of managing future system maintenance. With the continuing implementation of new regulatory requirements for selected water treatment systems, capital needs for the fund will increase.

Note that this fund handles only the distribution of water to Grand Haven customers. The City Water Fund purchases its treated potable water from the Northwest Ottawa Water System (NOWS), a joint water treatment purchase venture of Northwest Ottawa County communities. Note that the NOWS Fund reconstructed the south intake system and is considering a substantial increase in the size of the water plant within five years. These adjustments are included in the various City studies.

(2) City Wastewater (Collection)

The City Wastewater Fund has continued a limited cash position at \$13,536. With operating revenues of \$1,432,547, the fund had an increase of \$205,258 in net assets. The fund has limited reserves to meet its cash flow and capital needs for the immediate future, however, should larger projects be warranted, the City will need to consider issuing debt to gain the necessary resources. Sewer rates were increased by 25 cents per 1000 gallons effective July 1, 2005, anticipating future capital needs. The City anticipates a large infrastructure project including sewer collection line replacement. In November 2007, voters approved a \$9,400,000 capital improvement (2008 Infrastructure) bond (approximately 1 mill for 20 years). The FY2008-09 budget includes funds to study the system and determine the best method of managing future collection system maintenance. Administration expects that the capital needs for the sewer collection system will increase.

Note that this fund handles only the collection of wastewater for Grand Haven customers. The City Wastewater Fund purchases its treatment of wastewater from the Grand Haven-Spring Lake Sewer Authority, a separate governmental entity serving Northwest Ottawa County communities. Note that the Sewer Authority does not anticipate major improvements in treatment facilities within five years.

(3) Harbor Transit

The City owns and operates a demand-response bus transportation system, funded by a combination of bus fares, property taxes and grants from Federal, State and local partnering agencies. Major capital assets are purchased with grants from the State and Federal governments. The Harbor Transit Fund has an unrestricted net assets position of \$10,767 and \$450 in cash with \$381,870 due from Local, State and Federal governments at June 30, 2008.

The biggest challenge remains the City's direct Federal and State aid for operations which includes a revised capital component. The City is part of the Muskegon Metropolitan Statistical Area pursuant to the 2000 Census. Coordination with the Muskegon Municipal Planning Organization is crucial to maintaining and advancing transportation services for the City and North Ottawa area residents. While funding levels are relatively static, City elected officials and management continue to work with elected officials in Muskegon, Lansing and Washington to maintain the current reimbursement formula.

Additionally, the local governmental partners have issued concern for the continuing rise in local match costs for the transit services provided in their communities. A grant funded study will be performed during the 2008-09 fiscal year.

During the fiscal year, in August, 2007, the former Transportation Director and Operations Manager gave notice of their retirements in February, 2008, significant as their efforts have provided nearly thirty years of transit services management to the community. Replacement of both position occurred during the fiscal year.

(4) Marina

Fiscal needs of the Marina Fund are consistent with infrastructure assets reaching the end of their useful life, especially docks. The City received a \$500,000 matching grant from Michigan Waterways which significantly completed phase one dock replacement during the fiscal year. Local funding of approximately \$500,000 came from the Public Improvement Fund, to be reimbursed with marina revenue in years to come. A phase two \$500,000 matching grant is also slated for the future to complete dock replacement.

(5) Airport

The Airport Fund continues to pay on its newest hangars (1995 and 1998) and remains in a positive position excluding depreciation. The avigation easement project continued during the fiscal year with the remaining easement agreements resolved through arbitration. Operationally, airport hangar use has diminished placing additional pressure on operations. The airport remains viable, but revenue no longer supports operations. The increase in net assets noted in this report is largely grant funding provided for the avigation easements.

Under consideration is the construction of a three unit commercial hangar structure costing approximately \$800,000, funding coming from State (2.5%) and Federal (95%) sources. Construction could occur in the spring of 2009 pending City Council approval.

4) Financial Analysis of Individual Funds

a) General Fund

The General had revenues of \$10,882,251 and \$8,378,238 in expenditures excluding transfers (page 35). Revenue came in over budget, expenditures under budget. Net transfers to other funds were \$2,648,434, the largest going to Public Improvement Fund, pursuant to millage receipts and direction of City Council. Net assets decreased by \$144,421 (page 84).

For FY 2007-08, City Council's budget resolution required City Council review of cumulative transfers over \$1,000 in General Fund line items and provided department-level total approval in that Fund. The remaining Funds have been approved on a "whole fund" basis. This is anticipated for future years as well.

b) Public Improvement Fund

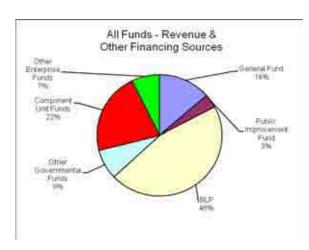
The Public Improvement Fund posted revenue of \$826,123 and expenditures of \$1,070,280. Transfers to other funds totaled \$1,113,037 while transfers to the Public Improvement Fund totaled \$1,705,210 (page 85).

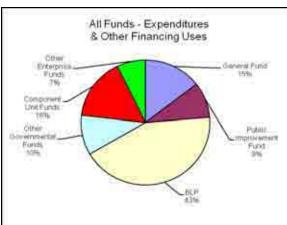
c) 2008 UTGO Infrastructure Bond Fund

The 2008 UTGO Infrastructure Bond Fund posted revenue of \$2,524 and expenditures of \$193,952. Other financing sources, including proceeds and premium from issuance of long-term debt, totaled \$9,411,471 (page 85).

d) Board of Light and Power Fund

As the Board of Light and Power produces its own audited annual financial report, further information may be obtained from that document.





- 5) Capital Assets and Debt Administration
 - a) Capital assets
 - i) Summary of capital assets

The City of Grand Haven has \$113,263,466 invested in capital assets net of depreciation, \$38,510,450 in governmental activities, \$63,715,930 in business-type activities and \$11,037,086 in component unit funds. The major investments are in Major and Local Streets under governmental activities and in property, plant, transmission, distribution and collection systems within the Board of Light and Power, City Water and City Sewer Funds. Capital assets include purchases of assets that exceed \$1,000 and have an expected useful life greater than one year. Capital assets include: land, land improvements, streets, sidewalks, buildings and equipment and utility systems such as the J. B. Sims (electric generation) plant and electric, water and sewer lines. The City uses straight line depreciation for all depreciable assets.

Some of the major capital purchases during the year included:

- Continuing investment in street resurfacing, water and sewer line maintenance and replacement, especially the completion of Jackson Street from Third to Fifth and the partially completed Jackson East (from Beacon Blvd to Griffin) and Waverly Street projects.
- Significant Brownfield environmental remediation and public infrastructure construction on the Grand Landing site

For further information, please see Note 4 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements elsewhere in this document.

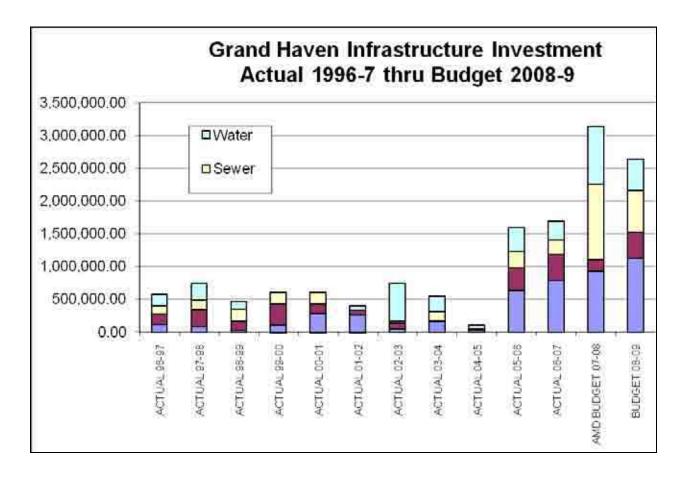
ii) Discussion of future plans

Annually, the City Council considers and publishes a 5-year Capital Improvement Plan during the budget process. The Plan lists all major capital items that the City Council, various City Boards and staff envision will be needed over the next five years. Major projects for the next fiscal year include:

- Infrastructure projects including streets, water distribution and sewer collection systems
- Capital updates to Grand River boardwalk land improvements in anticipation of the 25th anniversary celebration in August 2009.
- Marina dock replacement phase two including funding from the State Waterways Commission.

- Improvements to Washington Street infrastructure possibly including a snowmelt system utilizing waste heat from the Board of Light and Power.
- Continuing information technology, website and geographic information systems upgrades.

The 2008-2009 Annual Operating Budget is available for review at City Hall.



Debt

b) Summary of debt:

The City of Grand Haven had \$13,503,559 in debt outstanding as of June 30, 2008 for governmental activities, \$48,898,656 in business-type activities and \$20,042,355 from component units. The Board of Light and Power is responsible for \$52,910,066 of the total debt outstanding in revenue refunding bonds. During the fiscal year, the City issued debt in the form of a \$9,400,000 UTGO Infrastructure Bond for public streets, water, sewer and related infrastructure throughout the City. Payments on all loans and obligations were made appropriately and on time to date.

Note 5 of the notes to the financial statements offers more detailed information on debt and other obligations.

6) Economic Forecast

a) The City of Grand Haven has three main sources of revenue. These include property taxes, state shared ("community funding") revenue and utility charges for services. The economic forecast for the City is dependent on these three revenues as discussed below.

i) Tax Base

The annual change in taxable value and state equalized value of the City is closely tracked through the City's Assessing Division. The following table shows property values for past years as well as the property valuation that was estimated for the FY2008-09 property tax calculations. State Equalized Value (SEV) is the Assessor's estimate of 50% of market value (also called "true cash" value). Property taxes are calculated on taxable value, not SEV.

Pursuant to 1994's Proposal A and related legislation, annual taxable value growth is capped by the State Constitution, to 5% or the rate of inflation whichever is less. In the year when a property sells, the taxable value becomes uncapped and equal to SEV.

In future years, significant improvements to taxable value and SEV will include the Grand Landing project and potential Downtown commercial and residential additions. Some reductions in taxable value have occurred with various industrial closings such as Eagle Ottawa Leather and Magna Donnelly during the fiscal year.

The table below provides recent history on SEV and taxable values.

City of Grand Haven, Michigan State Equalized Value

Fiscal Year	Real	Personal	IFT	Equivalent SEV Total
2004-05	459,525,400	57,125,500	29,358,750	531,330,275
2005-06	491,490,800	60,083,200	26,526,500	564,837,250
2006-07	532,075,000	60,072,050	24,100,500	604,197,300
2007-08	566,730,300	62,225,200	27,623,750	642,767,365
2008-09	605,790,800	59,518,100	19,812,350	675,215,075

City of Grand Haven, Michigan Taxable Value

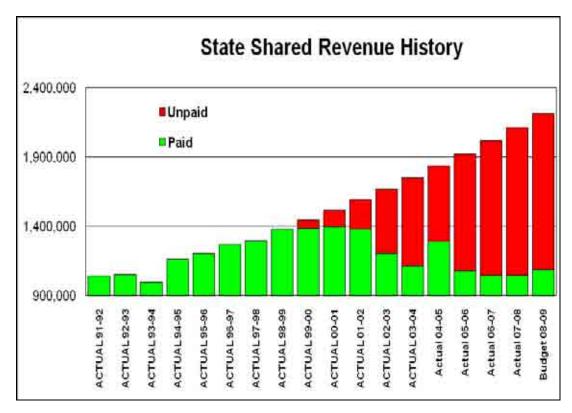
Fiscal Year	Real	Personal	IFT	Equivalent TV Total	
2004-05	387,279,063	57,125,500	29,194,212	459,001,669	
2005-06	412,999,155	60,083,200	26,419,200	486,291,955	
2006-07	443,047,234	60,072,050	23,971,872	515,105,220	
2007-08	473,310,783	62,225,200	27,267,334	549,169,650	
2008-09	502,085,385	59,518,100	19,623,195	571,415,082	

Equivalent SEV and Equivalent TV Totals are the sum of Real plus Personal plus 1/2 IFT.

ii) State Shared Revenue

State shared ("community funding") revenue is the second largest source of revenue for the General Fund, comprising 9.67% or \$1,052,837 of General Fund revenue. It is made of two components and based on the State sales tax rate of 6%. The "constitutional" component is based on the State constitutional 4% sales tax. This portion cannot be adjusted by legislative action. The "statutory" component is based on an additional 2% added to the state sales tax (in 1994) and may be adjusted by the state legislature. In both components, the overall distribution is dependent on the collection of state sales taxes. When the economy and sales diminish, the revenue stream is reduced. When the economy and sales improve, revenue may increase. In recent years, there has been a substantial reduction in revenue maintained. Therefore, the City of Grand Haven's General Fund is partially dependent on the overall State of Michigan economy.

In preparing the annual budgets, City Administration uses Michigan Department of Treasury estimates as published on their web site. Current reviews of state shared revenues show significant decreases in revenue from FY1998-99 forward. Management believes that the FY2007-08 budget was prepared with recognition of the continuing difficult Michigan economy and anticipates pressure to remain on the statutory portion. The current fund balance should enable the City to weather likely reductions in FY2007-08 community funding revenue; however, conservative estimates for the future will continue to be needed.



Utility Charges for Services

From an entity wide perspective, utility charges for services are the third major revenue source. Utility service sales are affected by the economy and by the weather for residential customers and also by the general economic conditions of local industries. For the FY2008-09 budget, City Administration forecasted that units of sales will be roughly equal to prior fiscal year volumes.

7) Contacting the City's Financial Management Staff

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact us at 519 Washington Avenue, Grand Haven, MI 49417, or as noted below.

Patrick McGinnis
City Manager
616 847-4888
pmcginnis@grandhaven.org

James P. Bonamy Finance Director 616 935-3214 jbonamy@grandhaven.org

<u>-</u>	Primary Government				
L 20, 2009	Governmental Activities	Business-Type	Takal		
June 30, 2008	Activities	Activities	Total		
Assets	Ф. 22 (7.1.22)	Φ 14 041 740	Φ 2 < 3 1 < 0 3 0		
Cash and investments	\$ 22,674,338	\$ 14,041,740	\$ 36,716,078		
Receivables	161.027	4 2 4 5 0 5 4	4.407.011		
Accounts	161,037	4,245,974	4,407,011		
Intergovernmental	519,033	787,989	1,307,022		
Assessments	74,916	60,305	135,221		
Notes	726,123	-	726,123		
Interest	-	18,754	18,754		
Prepaid items	219,151	99,061	318,212		
Internal balances	361,478	(341,478)	20,000		
Inventory	43,825	2,938,119	2,981,944		
Restricted assets (Note 1)	-	12,310,275	12,310,275		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation (Note 4)	38,510,450	63,715,930	102,226,380		
Deferred charges	193,952	309,245	503,197		
Total Assets	63,484,303	98,185,914	161,670,217		
Liabilities					
Payables					
Accounts	823,153	2,869,194	3,692,347		
Intergovernmental	-	44,076	44,076		
Accrued liabilities	161,641	1,144,380	1,306,021		
Current liabilities payable from restricted assets (Note 1)	-	6,494,388	6,494,388		
Long-term debt (Note 5)					
Due within one year	1,255,637	158,675	1,414,312		
Due in more than one year	12,247,922	48,739,981	60,987,903		
Unearned revenues	110,056	330,541	440,597		
Total Liabilities	14,598,409	59,781,235	74,379,644		
Net Assets (Deficit)					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	34,917,717	17,082,402	52,000,119		
Restricted for					
Capital projects	3,145,064	-	3,145,064		
Debt service	278,728	5,815,887	6,094,615		
Perpetual care	1,536,156	· -	1,536,156		
Unrestricted	9,008,229	15,506,390	24,514,619		
Net Assets (Deficit)	\$ 48,885,894	\$ 38,404,679	\$ 87,290,573		

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit)

Total Component Units \$ 8,438,005
113,490
125,000 11,037,086 218,542 19,932,123
279,212 - 142,118
50,000 19,992,355 - 20,463,685
(2,498,210)
125,000 - 1,841,648 \$ (531,562)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

				Program Revenues			
Year ended June 30, 2008	Expenses		Charges for Services	G	Operating rants and tributions	C	Capital Frants and tributions
Primary Government	1						
Governmental Activities							
General government	\$ 2,499,227	\$	1,206,106	\$	-	\$	197,146
Public safety	4,104,463	·	133,763		-	·	-
Public works	3,182,411		246,732		844,046		_
Culture and recreation	989,036		117,265		-		-
Debt service							
Interest	128,035		-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities	10,903,172		1,703,866		844,046		197,146
Business-Type Activities							
Board of Light and Power	31,118,622		34,872,669		-		362,839
Other proprietary funds	5,268,315		3,562,734	1	,432,356		-
Total Business-Type Activities	36,386,937		38,435,403	1	,432,356		362,839
Total Primary Government	\$ 47,290,109	\$	40,139,269	\$ 2	,276,402	\$	559,985
Component Units							
Economic Development Corporation	\$ 3,068	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-
Main Street Downtown Development Authority	338,403		17,018		20,000		-
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority	587,687		-		1,765		166,738
Total Component Units	\$ 929,158	\$	17,018	\$	21,765	\$	166,738

General Revenues, Special Items and Transfers

Taxes

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Interest income

Gain on sale of capital assets

Miscellaneous

Transfers in (out)

Total General Revenues, Special Items, and Transfers

Change in Net Assets (Deficit)

Net Assets (Deficit), beginning of year

Net Assets (Deficit), end of year

Statement of Activities

		Net (Exp	ense) Revenue an	d Changes in Net	Assets		
	Total						
	Governmental		Business-Type		Component		
	Total	Activities	Activities	Total	Units		
\$	1,403,252	\$ (1,095,975)	\$ -	\$ (1,095,975)	\$ -		
	133,763	(3,970,700)	-	(3,970,700)	-		
	1,090,778	(2,091,633)	-	(2,091,633)	-		
	117,265	(871,771)	-	(871,771)	-		
	-	(128,035)	-	(128,035)	-		
	2,745,058	(8,158,114)	-	(8,158,114)	-		
	5,235,508	-	4,116,886	4,116,886	-		
	4,995,090	=	(273,225)	(273,225)	=		
4	0,230,598	-	3,843,661	3,843,661	-		
\$ 4	2,975,656	(8,158,114)	3,843,661	(4,314,453)	-		
Ф					(2.050)		
\$	-	-	-	-	(3,068)		
	37,018	-	-	-	(301,385)		
	168,503	-	-	-	(419,184)		
\$	205,521	-	-	-	(723,637)		
		7,723,720	-	7,723,720	539,746		
		1,052,837	_	1,052,837	_		
		662,440	760,093	1,422,533	32,781		
		, -	900	900	-		
		260,130	290,702	550,832	38,340		
		(974,932)	974,932	-	, -		
		8,724,195	2,026,627	10,750,822	610,867		
		566,081	5,870,288	6,436,369	(112,770)		
		48,319,813	32,534,391	80,854,204	(418,792)		
		\$ 48,885,894	\$38,404,679	\$87,290,573	\$ (531,562)		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

		Public	2008 UTGO	Non-Major	Total		
	General	Improvement		Governmental			
June 30, 2008	Fund	Fund	Bond Fund	Funds	Funds		
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 3,078,214	\$ 5,136,586	\$ 9,248,573	\$ 2,454,540	\$19,917,913		
Due from other governments	207,597	162,302	880	147,594	518,373		
Accounts receivable	91,117	344	-	4,700	96,161		
Assessments receivable	547	-	-	74,369	74,916		
Due from other funds (Note 6)	327,485	44,873	-	-	372,358		
Prepaid items	2,218	18,135	-	-	20,353		
Inventory	31,871	-	-	-	31,871		
Total Assets	\$ 3,739,049	\$ 5,362,240	\$ 9,249,453	\$ 2,681,203	21,031,945		
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 367,497	\$ 27,663	\$ 18,530	\$ 373,249	\$ 786,939		
Due to other funds	-	-	10,880	-	10,880		
Deferred revenue	35,467	-	-	74,589	110,056		
Total Liabilities	402,964	27,663	29,410	447,838	907,875		
Fund Balances							
Reserved for debt service	-	-	-	278,728	278,728		
Reserved for capital projects	-	2,891,780	-	253,284	3,145,064		
Reserved for endowments	-	-	-	1,536,156	1,536,156		
Unreserved							
Designated for							
various projects	-	2,442,797	9,220,043	-	11,662,840		
Undesignated	3,336,085	-	-	165,197	3,501,282		
Total Fund Balances	3,336,085	5,334,577	9,220,043	2,233,365	20,124,070		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 3,739,049	\$ 5,362,240	\$ 9,249,453	\$ 2,681,203	-		
Amounts reported for Governmental Activi	ties in the Statem	nent of Net Assets	s are different bec	ause:			
Capital assets used for governmental a							
reported in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.							
Long term assets are not due and receivable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported							
in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.							
Internal Service Funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as insurance							
and equipment leasing to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the Internal Service Funds							
are included in the governmental activities in the Government-Wide Statement of Net Assets.							
Long term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, they are not reported							
in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet.							
Bond issue costs are capitalized in the					193,952		
Accrued interest payable is not include	ed as a liability in	the Government	al Funds Balance	Sheet.	(52,139)		
Net Assets of Governmental Activities					\$48,885,894		

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

		Public	2008 UTGO	Non-Major	Total
	General	Improvement	Infrastructure	Governmental	Governmental
Year ended June 30, 2008	Fund	Fund	Bond Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues					
Taxes	\$ 7,723,720	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,723,720
Special assessments levied	-	-	-	17,354	17,354
Licenses and permits	521,286	-	-	-	521,286
State sources	1,052,837	197,146	-	844,046	2,094,029
Charges for services	1,015,788	-	-	15,675	1,031,463
Fines and forfeits	133,763	-	-	-	133,763
Reimbursements	-	417,454	-	38,684	456,138
Interest, penalties and rent	316,094	211,523	1,644	133,179	662,440
Miscellaneous revenue	118,763	-	880	31,534	151,177
Total Revenues	10,882,251	826,123	2,524	1,080,472	12,791,370
Expenditures					
General government	2,261,143	69,304	-	-	2,330,447
Public safety	3,768,655	-	-	-	3,768,655
Public works	1,391,768	-	-	1,271,058	2,662,826
Culture and recreation	956,672	-	-	-	956,672
Interest	-	-	-	138,437	138,437
Capital outlay	-	1,000,976	-	1,487,411	2,488,387
Debt service	-	-	193,952	522,224	716,176
Total Expenditures	8,378,238	1,070,280	193,952	3,419,130	13,061,600
Revenues over (under) expenditures	2,504,013	(244,157)	(191,428)	(2,338,658)	(270,230)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Proceeds from issuance of					
long-term debt	-	-	9,400,000	-	9,400,000
Premium from issuance of					
long-term debt	-	-	11,471	-	11,471
Transfers in	38,249	1,705,210	-	1,668,299	3,411,758
Transfers out	(2,686,683)	(1,113,037)	-	(586,970)	(4,386,690)
Total Other Financing					
Sources (Uses)	(2,648,434)	592,173	9,411,471	1,081,329	8,436,539
Revenues and other sources over (under	r)				
expenditures and other uses	(144,421)	348,016	9,220,043	(1,257,329)	8,166,309
Fund Balance, at beginning of year	3,480,506	4,986,561	-	3,490,694	11,957,761
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$ 3,336,085	\$ 5,334,577	\$ 9,220,043	\$ 2,233,365	\$20,124,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year ended June 30, 2008	
Net Change in Fund Balances – Total Governmental Funds	\$ 8,166,309
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.	
Capital outlay Depreciation expense	2,488,387 (1,037,453) 1,450,934
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term debt in the Statement of Net Assets.	(9,217,519)
The repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but not in the Statement of Activities (where it reduces long-term debt).	522,224
Accrued interest on long-term debt is recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred, but is not reported in the governmental funds until paid.	(1,342)
Amortization of bond premium and bond issue costs, which are capitalized in the Statement of Net Assets.	11,744
The receipt of principal on long-term notes is a revenue in the governmental funds, but not in the Statement of Activities (where it reduces notes receivable).	(347,185)
Compensated absences are recorded in the Statement of Activities when incurred; it is not reported in the governmental funds until paid.	4,370
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	(23,454)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 566,081

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Assets

				Governmental	
				Activities	
		Other		Internal Service	
	Board of	Non-Major Proprietary			
	Light and				
June 30, 2008	Power	Funds	Total	Funds	
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$12,992,995	\$ 1,048,745	\$ 14,041,740	\$2,756,425	
Due from other governmental units	-	787,989	787,989	660	
Receivables					
Accounts	3,345,434	900,540	4,245,974	64,876	
Assessments	-	60,305	60,305	-	
Interest	18,754	-	18,754	-	
Prepaid items	98,147	914	99,061	198,798	
Due from other funds (Note 6)	-	78,688	78,688	-	
Inventory	2,835,705	102,414	2,938,119	11,954	
Restricted assets	12,310,275	-	12,310,275	-	
Capital assets, net of accumulated					
depreciation (Note 4)	45,563,055	18,152,875	63,715,930	1,524,243	
Deferred charges	309,245	-	309,245	-	
Total Assets	77,473,610	21,132,470	98,606,080	4,556,956	

This Statement Covers More Than One Page.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Assets

				Governmental
				Activities
		Other		
	Board of	Non-Major		Internal
	Light and	Proprietary		Service
June 30, 2008	Power	Funds	Total	Funds
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ -	\$ 158,675	\$ 158,675	\$ -
Accounts payable	2,338,495	530,699	2,869,194	36,214
Accrued liabilities	976,380	168,000	1,144,380	109,502
Due to other governments	-	44,076	44,076	-
Deferred revenues	149,000	-	149,000	-
Due to other funds (Note 6)	-	420,166	420,166	-
Total Current Liabilities	3,463,875	1,321,616	4,785,491	145,716
Current Liabilities Payable from				
Restricted Assets	6,494,388	-	6,494,388	-
Deferred Revenues	181,541 -		181,541	-
Long-Term Debt, less current				
maturities (Note 5)	47,865,066	874,915	48,739,981	-
Total Liabilities	58,004,870	2,196,531	60,201,401	145,716
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets,				
net of related debt	-	17,082,402	17,082,402	1,524,243
Restricted	5,815,887		5,815,887	- ·
Unrestricted	13,652,853	1,853,537	15,506,390	2,886,997
Total Net Assets	\$19,468,740	\$ 18,935,939	\$ 38,404,679	\$4,411,240

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

		Other		Governmental Activities
	Board of	Non-Major		Internal
	Light and	Proprietary		Service
Year ended June 30, 2008	Power	Funds	Total	Funds
Operating Revenue				
Charges for services	\$34,872,669	\$ 3,456,768	\$ 38,329,437	\$3,707,899
Miscellaneous operating revenues	-	105,966	105,966	
Total Operating Revenue	34,872,669	3,562,734	38,435,403	3,707,899
Operating Expenses				
Operations and maintenance	18,811,653	3,437,336	22,248,989	3,636,470
Distribution	1,519,230	301,339	1,820,569	-
Customer accounts	533,174	-	533,174	-
Administrative and general	1,608,545	853,567	2,462,112	-
Depreciation	3,805,807	615,389	4,421,196	227,511
Statutory charge	1,353,574	-	1,353,574	-
Total Operating Expenses	27,631,983	5,207,631	32,839,614	3,863,981
Operating Income (Loss)	7,240,686	(1,644,897)	5,595,789	(156,082)

This Statement Covers More Than One Page.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

			(Governmental
				Activities
		Other	-	
	Board of	Non-Major		Internal
	Light and	Proprietary		Service
Year ended June 30, 2008	Power	Funds	Total	Funds
Non-Operating Income				
(Expense) - Net				
Interest earned on investments				
Operating fund	\$ 547,917	\$ 63,904	\$ 611,821	\$ 92,549
Debt service reserve	148,272	-	148,272	φ
Operating grants	-	1,432,356	1,432,356	_
Amortization of debt premium		1,102,000	1,132,330	
and issue costs	308,448	_	308,448	_
Interest expense	200,1.0		200,1.0	
Bond	(3,790,232)	(60,684)	(3,850,916)	_
Deposits	(4,855)		(4,855)	_
Gain on sale of capital assets	900	_	900	_
SO2 allowances	158,025	_	158,025	-
Miscellaneous	26,290	106,387	132,677	40,079
Total Non-Operating Income	·	·	·	· ·
(Expenses) - Net	(2,605,235)	1,541,963	(1,063,272)	132,628
Income (Loss) Before Transfers				
and Contributions	4,635,451	(102,934)	4,532,517	(23,454)
Transfers in	-	974,932	974,932	-
Capital contributions	362,839	-	362,839	-
Total Transfers and Contributions	362,839	974,932	1,337,771	_
Change in Net Assets	4,998,290	871,998	5,870,288	(23,454)
Net Assets – Beginning of year	14,470,450	18,063,941	32,534,391	4,434,694
Net Assets – End of year	\$19,468,740	\$ 18,935,939	\$ 38,404,679	\$4,411,240

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

			(Governmental
		Other	_	Activities
	Board of	Non-Major		Internal
	Light and	Proprietary		Service
Year ended June 30, 2008	Power	Funds	Total	Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities				
Receipts from customers and users	\$35,658,108	\$ 3,554,636	\$ 39,212,744	\$3,833,842
Receipts from interfund services	. , ,	, , ,		. , ,
provided	-	270,716	270,716	-
Payments to suppliers	(18,538,329)	(2,901,119)	(21,439,448)	(1,207,337)
Payments to employees	(3,843,087)	(1,571,007)	(5,414,094)	(148,456)
Claims paid	-	-	_	(2,373,870)
Payments for interfund services used	-	(78,688)	(78,688)	-
Net cash provided by (used for)				
operating activities	13,276,692	(725,462)	12,551,230	104,179
Cash Flows from Non-Capital				
Financing Activities				
Proceeds from operating grants	-	884,977	884,977	_
Transfers in (out)	-	474,932	474,932	-
Net cash provided by non-capital				
financing activities	-	1,359,909	1,359,909	-
Cash Flows from Capital and				
Related Financing Activities				
Proceeds from capital grants	-	23,638	23,638	-
Principal and interest paid on				
long-term debt	(7,513,629)	(211,610)	(7,725,239)	-
Purchase of capital assets	(2,867,599)	(1,891,626)	(4,759,225)	(133,991)
Transfers in	-	500,000	500,000	-
Capital contributions	362,839	-	362,839	-
Other income	184,315	-	184,315	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	900	-	900	-
Net cash used for capital and related				
financing activities	(9,833,174)	(1,579,598)	(11,412,772)	(133,991)
	This S	Statement Cov	vers More Tha	n One Page

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

						rnmental Activities
	Board of	,	Other Non-Major			Internal
	Light and		Proprietary			Service
Year ended June 30, 2008	Power	,	Funds	Total		Funds
·	10,,,01		1 01103	1000		1 01105
Cash Flows from Investing						
Activities	Φ 500,007	Ф	62.004	ф 707.241	Ф	00.540
Interest received on investments	\$ 523,337	\$	63,904	•	\$	92,549
Purchase of investment securities Proceeds from sale and maturities	(12,288,440)		-	(12,288,440)		-
	12 222 000			12 222 000		
of investment securities	12,323,000		-	12,323,000		
Net cash provided by investing activities	557,897		63,904	621,801		92,549
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments	4,001,415		(881,247)	3,120,168		62,737
Cash and Investments -						
Beginning of year	17,289,980		1,930,002	19,219,982	2	,693,688
Cash and Investments -						
End of year	\$21,291,395	\$	1,048,755	\$ 22,340,150	\$2	,756,425
Balance Sheet Classification of						
Cash and investments	ф 1 2 00 2 00 7	Ф	1.040.755	Ф 1 4 O 41 770	Φ2	756 105
Cash and investments	\$12,992,995	\$	1,048,755	\$ 14,041,750	\$2	,756,425
Restricted assets (Note 1)	8,298,400			8,298,400		
Total	\$21,291,395	\$	1,048,755	\$ 22,340,150	\$2	,756,425

This Statement Covers More Than One Page.

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

			(Governmental
			_	Activities
		Other		
	Board of	Non-Major		Internal
	Light and	Proprietary		Service
Year ended June 30, 2008	Power	Funds	Total	Funds
Reconciliation of Operating Income				
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by				
(Used for) Operating Activities				
Operating income (loss)	\$ 7,240,686	\$ (1,644,897)	\$ 5,595,789	\$ (156,082)
Adjustments to reconcile operating				
income (loss) to net cash provided				
by (used for) operating activities				
Depreciation	3,805,807	615,389	4,421,196	227,511
Bad debt expense	19,025	-	19,025	-
Miscellaneous income (expense)	-	106,387	106,387	40,079
Changes in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable	766,414	(96,503)	669,911	84,724
Due from other funds		(78,688)	(78,688)	
Due from other governments	-	(18,582)	(18,582)	1,140
Inventory	2,208,583	(5,955)	2,202,628	(2,907)
Prepaid items and other				
current assets	(40,574)	(914)	(41,488)	(12,664)
Accounts payable	(542,644)	167,030	(375,614)	(9,277)
Accrued compensation	33,969	-	33,969	-
Other accrued liabilities	(67,861)	(46,797)	(114,658)	(65,144)
Due to other funds	-	192,028	192,028	-
Due to other governments	-	7,352	7,352	(3,201)
Deferred revenue	(146,713)	78,688	(68,025)	-
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	***			* **:-
Operating Activities	\$13,276,692	\$ (725,462)	\$ 12,551,230	\$ 104,179

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets

	Retiree	
	Health	Agency
<i>June 30</i> , 2008	Care	Funds
Assets		
Cash and investments	\$ 571,170	\$ 369,985
Accounts receivable	9,397	30,646
Due from other governments	-	3,400
	\$ 580,567	\$ 404,031
T. 1 1111		
Liabilities	ф	Ф 177 010
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 175,819
Due to other funds	-	20,000
Trust deposits	-	208,212
	<u> </u>	\$ 404,031
Net Assets		
Held in trust for retiree health	\$ 580,567	

Fiduciary Funds

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets

	Retiree
	Health
Year ended June 30, 2008	Care
Additions	
Health insurance fees	\$ 274,256
Interest income	22,349
Total Additions	296,605
Deductions	
Insurance payments	248,276
Change in Net Assets	48,329
Net Assets – Beginning of Year	532,238
Net Assets – End of Year	\$ 580,567

June 30, 2008	De	Economic velopment orporation	Main Street Downtown Development Authority		
Assets					
Current Assets	ф		Φ.	- 4	
Cash and investments	\$	535,457	\$	646,665	
Due from other governments		-		-	
Restricted assets		-			
Total Current Assets		535,457		646,665	
Non-Current Assets					
Capital assets, net		-		2,593,714	
Bond issue costs, net		-	51,918		
Total Non-Current Assets		-		2,645,632	
Total Assets		535,457		3,292,297	
Liabilities and Net Assets (Deficit)					
Current Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$	1,303	\$	139,440	
Accrued liabilities		-		34,862	
Long-term debt due within one year		-		-	
Total Current Liabilities		1,303		174,302	
Non-Current Liabilities					
Long-term debt		-		3,320,776	
Total Liabilities		1,303		3,495,078	
Net Assets (Deficit)					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		-		(582,688)	
Restricted for debt service		-		-	
Unrestricted		534,154		379,907	
Total Net Assets (Deficit)	\$	534,154	\$	(202,781)	

Components Units

Statement of Net Assets (Deficit)

Brownfield	
Redevelopment	
Authority	Total
\$ 7,255,883	\$ 8,438,005
113,490	113,490
125,000	125,000
7,494,373	8,676,495
,,,,,,,,,,	2,2,2,1,2
8,443,372	11,037,086
166,624	218,542
8,609,996	11,255,628
16,104,369	19,932,123
\$ 138,469	\$ 279,212
107,256	142,118
50,000	50,000
295,725	471,330
16,671,579	19,992,355
16,967,304	20,463,685
10,707,501	20,103,003
(1,915,522)	(2,498,210)
125,000	125,000
927,587	1,841,648
\$ (862,935)	\$ (531,562)

					Program		
Year ended June 30, 2008]	Expenses	C	harges for services		Operating Grants and attributions	
Component Units							
Economic Development Corporation							
General government	\$	3,068	\$	-	\$	-	
Main Street Downtown Development Authority							
General government		216,832		17,018		20,000	
Depreciation expense		944		_		-	
Amortization of bond issue costs		2,845		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		117,782		-		-	
Total Main Street Downtown Development Authority		338,403		17,018		20,000	
Brownfield Redevelopment Authority							
General government		278,226		-		1,765	
Depreciation expense		22,165		-		-	
Amortization of bond issue costs		12,575		-		-	
Interest on long-term debt		274,721		-		-	
Total Brownfield Redevelopment Authority		587,687		-		1,765	
Total Component Units	\$	929,158	\$	17,018	\$	21,765	
General Revenues, Special Items Taxes Interest income	s an	d Transfe	rs				
Miscellaneous							
Total General Revenues, Special	Ite	ms and Tr	ansfe	rs			
Change in Net Assets (Deficit)							
Net Assets (Deficit), beginning of	yea	ar					
Net Assets (Deficit), end of year							

Components Units

Statement of Activities

Revei	nues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets						ssets	
						Main Street				
	Capital			Economic		Downtown	В	rownfield		
G	rants and		De	velopment	Γ	Development	Rede	velopment		
Cont	ributions	Total	C	Corporation		Authority		Authority		Total
\$	-	\$ -	\$	(3,068)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(3,068)
	_	37,018		-		(179,814)		_		(179,814)
	-	-		_		(944)		-		(944)
	-	-		-		(2,845)		-		(2,845)
	-	-		-		(117,782)		-		(117,782)
	-	37,018		-		(301,385)		-		(301,385)
	166,738	168,503		_		-		(109,723)		(109,723)
	-	-		-		-		(22,165)		(22,165)
	-	-		-		-		(12,575)		(12,575)
	-	-		-		-		(274,721)		(274,721)
	166,738	168,503		-		-		(419,184)		(419,184)
\$	166,738	\$ 205,521		(3,068)		(301,385)		(419,184)		(723,637)
			\$		\$	367,006	\$	172,740	\$	539,746
			Ψ	20,972	Ψ	11,286	ψ	523	Ψ	32,781
				20,605		17,735		<i>343</i> -		38,340
				41,577		396,027		173,263		610,867
				38,509						
				•		94,642		(245,921)		(112,770)
				495,645		(297,423)		(617,014)		(418,792)
			\$	534,154	\$	(202,781)	\$	(862,935)	\$	(531,562)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

Financial Reporting Entity

The City of Grand Haven, established in 1854, was incorporated in 1867 under the provisions of the Home Rule Act of the State of Michigan. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government. The City of Grand Haven provides the following services as authorized by its charter or state law: General Administrative Services, Public Safety, Highway and Street Maintenance, Culture, Recreation and Other Governmental Functions. The accounting policies of the City of Grand Haven conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to cities. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) 14, these financial statements present the City (the primary government) and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the City.

Component Units – In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of component units have been included in the financial reporting entity either as blended component units or as discretely presented component units. Blended and discretely presented component units have a June 30th year end.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Blended component units — Although legally separate entities, blended component units are, in substance, part of the government's operations. As a result, the assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses of the blended component units are combined with those of the primary government.

The City of Grand Haven Building Authority was established on April 12, 1993 under State Law (Act 31 of 1948, as amended) to effect improvements within the City. The Building Authority is a blended component unit as its relationship with the City permeates the financial operations of the City. Further, the Building Authority's powers are significantly restricted by State Law and local statute. \$335,000 in Building Authority Bonds issued in 1993 were used to facilitate reconstruction of downtown facilities (parking lots) and have been paid in full. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2005, the Building Authority was requested to issue bonds for expansion and renovation of the City's Community Center. As funds were not needed until the fall of 2006, the Building Authority issued \$2,830,000 in bonds in August 2006. The Building Authority's governing body is selected by City Council and currently includes the City Manager, the City Clerk and the Finance Director.

Discretely presented component units – The Component Units column in the combined financial statements includes the financial data of the City's other component units. These units are reported in a separate column to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City.

The Economic Development Corporation was created to provide means and methods for the encouragement and assistance of industrial and commercial enterprises in relocating, purchasing, constructing, improving, or expanding within the City so as to provide needed services and facilities of such enterprises to the residents of the City. The Corporation's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Main Street Downtown Development Authority (MSDDA) operates to correct and prevent deterioration in the downtown district, encourage historical preservation, and to promote economic growth within the downtown district. The Authority's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council.

Recommended in December 2004, the City Council adopted the MSDDA's Tax Increment Financing (TIF) and Development Plan which set forth guidelines for downtown public improvements. In January 2006, the City issued \$3,345,000 in Downtown TIF bonds for the first project series, being improvements to parking lots on Franklin Street between Harbor Avenue and Third Street. With the introduction of this project, three additional funds were established under the oversight of the MSDDA to manage the inflow of bond funds and future tax increments as well as spending on project construction and future debt service.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority was created to account for the redevelopment of environmentally contaminated and other underutilized sites within the City. The Authority's governing body, which consists of 10 individuals, is selected by the City Council.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority continued financing an infrastructure reconstruction project in conjunction with razing the Grand Haven Brass Foundry and construction of the Grand Haven Boat Storage facility. Public infrastructure reconstruction costs were paid by a \$710,000 Brownfield Tax Increment Financing Bond issued March 31, 2005. Project construction was completed in fiscal year 2005-06. Payments of principal and interest on the bond from tax revenue began in October 2005 and continue in future fiscal years. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority created three funds, including a special revenue fund to account for tax and interest revenue, a debt service fund to account for principal and interest payments and a capital projects fund to account for construction costs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority began an infrastructure reconstruction project in the prior year in conjunction with the sale of City-owned property to Grand Landing, LLC, on the City's north end. Public infrastructure reconstruction is anticipated to continue over the next two years and is supported by a \$15,095,000 Brownfield Tax Increment Financing Bond issued October 10, 2006. Payments of principal and interest on the bond from tax revenue began in May 2007 and continue in future fiscal years. The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority created three funds to account for project and debt service costs including a special revenue fund to account for tax and interest revenue, a debt service fund to account for principal and interest payments and a capital projects fund to account for construction costs.

The Brownfield Redevelopment Authority maintains a single special revenue fund to consider future Brownfield projects within the City. This fund receives transfers from the Economic Development Corporation (EDC) to cover its costs. As new projects are considered, the EDC may be reimbursed for costs leading up to new projects, however, no guarantee of reimbursement is noted. If no project is forthcoming from certain costs, the EDC is not anticipated to be reimbursed.

In total, the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority is responsible for seven component unit funds. City administration remains the fiscal agent for all of these funds.

Fund Accounting

The City uses funds and account groups to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Government Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Amounts reported as program revenue include (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided; (2) operating grants and contributions; and (3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenue rather than as program revenue.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Fund-based statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the City, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Public Improvement Fund — This Fund accounts for the construction of capital facilities to be used in governmental fund type operations. Financing is provided by contributions from the General Fund and grants from public and private sources.

2008 UTGO Infrastructure Bond Fund – The City of Grand Haven issued \$9,400,000 in Unlimited Tax General Obligation bonds in June 2008. The 2008 UTGO Infrastructure Bond Fund manages and accounts for these funds. Likewise, a 2008 UTGO Infrastructure Debt Fund was created, but there was no activity in it during the reported fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

After June 30, 2008, the City established a 2008 UTGO Infrastructure Special Revenue Fund to utilize an accounting structure similar to the Downtown TIF and Brownfield TIF funds.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the City's enterprise funds and of the City's internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

Board of Light and Power – This Fund accounts for the operation, maintenance, capital additions and retirement of revenue bonds of the electric supply system. Financing is provided by user charges from the sale of electricity.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Budgets

Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

At June 30, 2008, the City's Main Street Downtown Development Authority in the component units had a fund deficit of \$202,781, and the City's Brownfield Redevelopment Authority in the component units had a fund deficit of \$862,935. The City plans to eliminate the deficits through tax revenues in future years which will be used to pay long-term debt of the units.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchases of resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments.

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that have the following characteristics:

- Investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash
- Investments that mature in such a short period of time that their values are effectively immune from changes in interest rates
- Original maturity of three months or less

Investments are stated at fair value. The City maintains a pooled investment fund to account for all investments of the various City funds. Investments within this pooled investment fund are shown on the balance sheets of each individual fund as cash and investments.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Short-Term Interfund Receivables/Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as "due from other funds" or "due to other funds" on the balance sheet.

Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as enforceable liens on property as of December 31st. Taxes are levied on July 1st of the following year and are payable from the date of levy through September 15th without penalty and until March 1st of the following year with penalty. Taxes are recognized as revenue (and become available for appropriation) in the fiscal year following the levy date (July 1st).

The City bills and collects it own property taxes and also taxes for the county and school districts. Collections of all the taxes and remittance of them to the other taxing authorities are accounted for in a tax collection Agency Fund. The City is permitted by charter or state law without voter approval to levy taxes up to \$15.00 per \$1,000 of state equalized valuation for general governmental purposes and the amount required to service the General Obligation Debt. The tax rate to finance City services including transportation for the year ended June 30, 2008 was \$10.91 per \$1,000 of taxable valuation.

Inventories

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market. Inventory in the governmental funds consists of expendable supplies which are recorded as an expenditure at the time individual inventory items are purchased.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Prepaid Items

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2008 are recorded as prepaid items. These prepaid items are primarily insurance premiums and fiscal year 2008 memberships invoiced prior to July 1, 2008. The City follows the consumption method of accounting in reporting these items and, therefore, no offset by a fund balance reserve is required.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets consist of the following:

June	31) 2	\cap	n	ç
June	- 70	, ZI			

Dand and interest redemention account.	
Bond and interest redemption account:	
Cash and investments	\$ 6,494,369
Debt service reserve account:	
Cash and investments	110
United States Treasury bills and notes	3,974,888
Construction account –	
Cash and investments	1,803,921
Interest receivable	36,987
Total revenue bond restricted assets	12,310,275
Less current liabilities payable from	
restricted assets:	
Debt principal payable	5,045,000
Accrued interest payable	1,449,388
Total current liabilities payable from	
restricted assets	6,494,388
·	
Total Net Restricted Assets	\$ 5,815,887

These assets are restricted pursuant to the Revenue Resolution for revenue bond debt service and for surplus fund transfers to meet the required debt service coverage ratio. Net assets are restricted for the purpose noted above.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Assets of the Brownfield Redevelopment Authority are also restricted for the payment of interest on long-term debt. Net assets are restricted for this purpose.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$1,000 and any assets susceptible to theft. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Buildings, equipment, infrastructure and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions	20-100 years
Vehicles	4-8 years
Furniture and other equipment	10-30 years
Infrastructure	50 years

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave amounts for both employees who are currently eligible to receive termination payments and other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures.

Equity and Other Credits

Contributed capital is recorded in proprietary funds that have received capital grants or contributions from developers, customers or other funds. Portions of equity are segregated for future uses, and are, therefore, not considered available for future appropriation or expenditure. Amounts reserved represent portions of fund balance/retained earnings either not appropriable for expenditure or which are legally segregated for a specific future use. Designations of unreserved fund equity in governmental funds indicate City management's tentative plans for use of financial resources in a future period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Interfund Transactions

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenditures/expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions of expenditures/expenses in the fund that is reimbursed.

All other interfund transactions, except quasi-external transactions and reimbursements, are reported as transfers.

Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year has not been presented in the accompanying financial statements.

Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statement and reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2. Legal Compliance -Budgets

The annual budget is prepared by the City management and adopted by the City Council; subsequent amendments are approved by the City Council. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end; encumbrances are not included as expenditures. The amount of encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2008 has not been calculated. During the current year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The budget has been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, except that transfers have been included in the "revenue" and "expenditures" categories, rather than as "other financing sources (uses)."

The budget statement (combined statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances – budget and actual – General, Special Revenue, and Debt Service Fund types) is presented on the same basis of accounting used in preparing the adopted budget.

The budget has been adopted on a fund total basis, except for the General Fund which has been adopted on a departmental basis; expenditures at this level in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. The budget statement presented for the General Fund in the financial statements is more detailed than the budget as adopted by the City Council. A comparison of the budget for each individual Special Revenue Fund and Debt Service Fund is available at City Hall.

3. Deposits and Investments

Deposits

State statutes require that certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts and depository receipts are made with banks doing and having a place of business in the state of Michigan that are also members of a federal or national insurance corporation.

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits might not be recovered. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2008, \$42,172,208 of the City's bank balances of \$42,572,208 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized:

\$42,172,208

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Investments

At June 30, 2008, the City had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	Fair Value
Certificates of deposit		
Huntington National Bank	7/2/2008	\$ 506,421
Huntington National Bank	7/16/2008	300,000
Flagstar Bank	8/25/2008	1,388,898
Grand Haven Bank	12/3/2008	346,447
Flagstar Bank	12/10/2008	1,000,000
U.S. Treasury Bill	7/10/2008	2,043,244
U.S. Treasury Bill	10/23/2008	1,931,644
		\$ 7,516,654

Interest Rate Risk

The City's investment policy does not limit investment securities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial Credit Risk Related to Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty or bank, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the City's investments were held in the name of the City.

Credit Risk

State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations and certain repurchase agreements of the U.S. Treasury and related governmental agencies, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase and maturing not more than 270 days from the date of purchase, bankers acceptances and certificates of deposit issued or created by an state or national bank insured with the applicable federal agency, investment pools authorized by the Surplus Funds Investment Pool Act and mutual funds composed entirely of the above investments. The City's investment policy does not further limit its investment choices from state statutes.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy places no limit on the amount the City may invest in any one issuer.

Component Units

At June 30, 2008 \$8,463,004 of the City's component units' bank balances of \$8,563,004 were exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized:

\$8,463,004

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the City's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance			Balance
Primary Government	July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	June 30, 2008
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets, not depreciable:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 8,716,688	\$ 8,342	\$ -	\$ 8,725,030
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	10,594,214	349,390	-	10,943,604
Machinery, equipment, vehicles				
and fixtures	9,328,877	802,000	54,295	10,076,582
Waterfront development	891,765	-	-	891,765
Parking facilities	213,270	-	-	213,270
Recreation development	1,524,225	_	-	1,524,225
Infrastructure	16,776,290	1,462,646	_	18,238,936
Total assets being depreciated	39,328,641	2,614,036	54,295	41,888,382
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(2,533,624)	(215,378)	-	(2,749,002)
Machinery, equipment, vehicles				
and fixtures	(4,085,403)	(646,849)	(54,295)	(4,677,957)
Waterfront development	(388,071)	(17,835)	-	(405,906)
Parking facilities	(201,682)	(4,265)	-	(205,947)
Recreation development	(611,375)	(30,485)	-	(641,860)
Infrastructure	(3,072,138)	(350,152)	_	(3,422,290)
Total accumulated depreciation	(10,892,293)	(1,264,964)	(54,295)	(12,102,962)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	28,436,348	1,349,072	-	29,785,420
Governmental activities - capital assets, net	\$ 37,153,036	\$ 1,357,414	\$ -	\$ 38,510,450

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Balance July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2008
	July 1, 2007	Hicreases	Decreases	Julie 30, 2006
Business-type Activities				
Capital assets, not depreciable:				
Land and land improvements	\$ 318,583	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 318,583
Construction in progress	2,461,062	2,867,599	3,880,510	1,448,151
Total capital assets, not depreciable	2,779,645	2,867,599	3,880,510	1,766,734
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Structures and improvements	8,077,816	862,220	-	8,940,036
Machinery, equipment, vehicles				
and fixtures	1,982,375	84,619	-	2,066,994
Production and treatment systems	97,729,781	946,840	(7,988)	98,684,609
Transmission and distribution systems	42,014,628	3,862,574	25,650	45,851,552
General plant	1,380,219	15,883	<u> </u>	1,396,102
Total assets being depreciated	151,184,819	5,772,136	17,662	156,939,293
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Structures and improvements	(2,634,463)	(280,969)	-	(2,915,432
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	, , , , , ,	, , ,		•
and fixtures	(1,553,051)	(192,904)	-	(1,745,955
Production and treatment systems	(67,323,699)	(2,890,885)	6,496	(70,221,080
Transmission and distribution systems	(17,926,414)	(1,010,468)	(24,158)	(18,912,724
General plant	(1,148,936)	(45,970)	-	(1,194,906
Total accumulated depreciation	(90,586,563)	(4,421,196)	(17,662)	(94,990,097
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	60,598,256	1,350,940	=	61,949,196
Business-type activities - capital assets, net	\$ 63,377,901	\$ 4,218,539	\$ 3,880,510	\$ 63,715,930

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

	Balance July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	Iuna	Balance
	July 1, 2007	mcreases	Decreases	June	30, 2000
Component Units					
Capital assets, not depreciable: Construction in progress	\$ 6,481,911	\$ 3,956,724 \$		\$ 10	,438,635
	\$ 0,401,911	φ 3,930,724 φ	-	φ 10,	,430,033
Capital assets being depreciated:	664.046				CC1 010
Structures and improvements Machinery, equipment, vehicles	664,946	-	-		664,946
and fixtures	2,832	_	_		2,832
Total assets being depreciated	667,778	-	_		667,778
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Structures and improvements	(44,330)	(22,165)	_		(66,495
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	(, /	(,,			(,
and fixtures	(1,888)	(944)	-		(2,832
Total accumulated depreciation	(46,218)	(23,109)	-		(69,327
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	621,560	(23,109)	-		598,451
Component units - capital assets, net	\$ 7,103,471	\$ 3,933,615 \$	-	\$ 11,	,037,086
Depreciation	expense was c	harded to fun	ations/proc	rrame	
primary gover	nment as follow	-	ections/prog	granis	of th
primary gover Governmental a	nment as follov	-	etions/prog		
primary gover Governmental a General go	nment as follov activities: vernment	-	etions/prog	\$ 2	218,759
primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safe	nment as follow activities: vernment ty	-	etions/prog	\$ 2	218,759 416,632
primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public worl	nment as follov activities: vernment ty ks	-	etions/prog	\$ 2	218,759 416,632 576,692
primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safe	nment as follov activities: vernment ty ks	-	etions/prog	\$ 2	218,759 416,632
primary gover Governmental a General go Public safe Public worl Culture and	nment as follov activities: vernment ty ks	vs:		\$ 2	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881
primary gover Governmental a General go Public safe Public worl Culture and	nment as follownctivities: vernment ty ks I recreation tion Expense - G	vs:		\$ 2	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881
primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public worl Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a	nment as follownctivities: vernment ty ks I recreation tion Expense - G	vs:		\$ 22	218,759 416,632 576,692
primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public work Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a Board of Li	nment as follown activities: wernment ty ks I recreation tion Expense - Gractivities:	overnmental Ac		\$ 1,2 \$ 1,2	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881 264,964
primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public work Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a Board of Li Other Non-	nment as follown activities: evernment ty ks l recreation Expense - Gottivities: eight and Power	overnmental Ac	tivities	\$ 1,2 \$ 1,2	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881 264,964
Governmental a General governmental a General governmental a General governmental a Public safet Public work Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a Board of Li Other Non-	nment as follown activities: vernment ty ks I recreation tion Expense - Generativities: ight and Power Major Proprietantion Expense - Beneration	overnmental Ac	tivities	\$ 1,2 \$ 1,2	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881 264,964 805,807 615,389
Primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public work Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a Board of Li Other Non- Total Depreciat Component uni	nment as follown activities: wernment ty ks I recreation Expense - Guctivities: ight and Power Major Proprietantion Expense - Butts:	overnmental Ac	tivities	\$ 1,2 \$ 1,2 \$ 3,8 6 \$ 4,4	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881 264,964 805,807 615,389 421,196
Primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public work Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a Board of Li Other Non- Total Depreciat Component uni Main Street	nment as follown activities: evernment ty ks direcreation Expense - Good Ectivities: ight and Power Major Proprietantion Expense - Book ts: t Downtown Dever	overnmental Ac	tivities	\$ 1,2 \$ 1,2	218,759 416,632 576,692 52,881 264,964 805,807 615,389 421,196
Primary gover Governmental a General gover Public safet Public work Culture and Total Depreciat Business type a Board of Li Other Non- Total Depreciat Component uni Main Street Brownfield	nment as follown activities: wernment ty ks I recreation Expense - Guctivities: ight and Power Major Proprietantion Expense - Butts:	overnmental Active lopment Authority	tivities	\$ 1,2 \$ 1,2 \$ 3,8 6 \$ 4,4	218,755 416,632 576,692 52,88 264,96 805,80 615,385 421,196

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

5. Long-Term Debt The following is a summary of the long-term debt outstanding of the City as of June 30, 2008:

Governmental Activities	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due within one year
Bonds Payable					<u> </u>
2006 Building Authority Bonds maturing through August 2014, interest at 4.0%	\$ 2,830,000	\$ -	\$ (240,000)	\$ 2,590,000	\$ 290,000
Special Assessment Bond Fund – 1996 Municipal Purchase Agreement, Series B with a maturity date of September 1, 2015, interest ranging from 5.1% - 7.0%	65,000	-	(5,000)	60,000	5,000
2008 Unlimited Tax General Obligation Bonds, payable in annual installments of \$185,000 to \$890,000, with a maturity date of April 1, 2028, interest ranging from 3.0% - 4.125%	-	9,400,000	-	9,400,000	250,000
Plus deferred amounts:					
For issuance premiums	24,096	11,471	(11,744)	23,823	
Total Bonds Payable	2,919,096	9,411,471	(256,744)	12,073,823	545,000
Property loans payable in installments of \$375,521 commencing in 2004 including interest at 2.64%.					
Final payment due May 2009	987,861	-	(277,224)	710,637	710,637
Accumulated compensated absences	723,469	-	(4,370)	719,099	-
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 4,630,426	\$ 9,411,471	\$ (538,338)	\$ 13,503,559	\$ 1,255,637

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Business-Type Activities	Balance July 1, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due within one year
Bonds Payable					
1993 Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, maturing through 2008, with interest at 5.25% (net of discount, loss on refunding and portion payable from restricted assets)	\$ 9,412,264	\$ -	\$ (4,547,264)	\$ 4,865,000	\$ 4,865,000
2003 Electric Revenue Refunding Bonds, maturing through 2016, interest ranging from 5.0% to 5.5% (net of premium and loss on refunding)	45,123,048	465,015	-	45,588,063	-
2007 Electric Revenue Bonds, maturing through 2016, with interest ranging from 4.0% to 5% (net of premium)	2,469,232	-	(12,229)	2,457,003	180,000
1990 Special Assessment Limited Tax Bonds maturing through October 2009, with interest at 7.0%	30,000	-	(10,000)	20,000	10,000
1990 N.O.W.S.G.O. Contract, to support bonds that were refinanced in 1998, maturing through 2010 with interest ranging from 4.55% to 4.7%	45,741	-	(11,731)	34,010	11,495
1996 Municipal Purchase Agreement, refinanced in 2002, maturing in 2010 with an interest rate of 4.29%	81,500	-	(19,000)	62,500	23,000
1990 Municipal Purchase Agreement, refinanced in 2002, maturing in 2010 with an interest rate of 4.29%	148,400	-	(17,500)	130,900	19,250
2005 Property Loan Payable, maturing through October 2014, with interest at 5.56%	 876,110		 (89,930)	 786,180	 94,930
Total Business Type Activities Long-Term Debt	\$ 58,186,295	\$ 465,015	\$ (4,707,654)	\$ 53,943,656	\$ 5,203,675
Total all Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 62,816,721	\$ 9,876,486	\$ (5,245,992)	\$ 67,447,215	\$ 6,459,312

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Component Units	Jı	lance ily 1, 2007	Additions	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2008	Due within one year
Bonds Payable						
2005 Tax Increment bonds, maturing through 2018, with interest at 3.69%	\$ 635	,000	\$ -	\$ (45,000)	\$ 590,000	\$ 50,000
2006 Tax Increment bonds, maturing through 2027, with interest ranging from 3.50% - 4.375%	3,345	,000	-	-	3,345,000	-
2006 Brownfield Redevelopment bonds, maturing through 2027, with interest from 4.0% - 4.2%	15,095	,000	-	-	15,095,000	-
Less deferred amounts: For issuance premiums For issuance discounts		,812 5,016)	- -	(4,233) 1,792	36,579 (24,224)	- -
Total Bonds Payable	19,089	,796	-	(47,441)	19,042,355	50,000
Brownfield Redevelopment loan payable in annual installments of \$100,174 beginning May 2011, including interest at 2.0%. Final payment due May 2021	1,000	000	_		1,000,000	_
Total Component Units	1,000	,,000			1,000,000	-
Long-Term Debt	\$20,089	,796	\$ -	\$ (47,441)	\$20,042,355	\$ 50,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for debt outstanding as of June 30, 2008 follows:

	Governmen	tal A	Activities	Business Ty	Business Type Activities			Compone	ent Units	
	Principal		Interest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2009	\$ 1,255,637	\$	407,112	\$ 5,203,675	\$	2,822,608	\$	50,000	\$	771,266
2010	505,000	Ψ	447,388	5,286,182	Ψ	2,555,797	Ψ	525,000	Ψ	759,921
2011	565,000		428,222	5,586,067		2,285,607		935,174		733,083
2012	595,000		406,915	5,856,907		1,994,879		1,097,178		714,551
2013	670,000		383,752	6,185,413		1,679,214		1,288,821		668,877
2014-2018	2,625,000		1,571,896	28,030,346		3,180,220		6,909,935		2,577,303
2019-2023	2,660,000		1,124,150	-		-		7,723,892		1,022,000
2024-2028	3,885,000		497,912	-		-		1,500,000		136,094
	\$12,760,637	\$	5,267,347	\$56,148,590	\$	14,518,325	\$:	20,030,000	\$	7,383,095

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

6. Interfund Balances The composition of interfund balances, caused by normal operations, is as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund
Fund	Receivable	Fund	Payable
			_
General Fund	\$ 327,485	Harbor Transit	\$ 296,605
		Payroll	20,000
		2008 UTGO Infrastructure Bond	10,880
Public Improvement	44,873	Marina	44,873
Municipal Water	78,688	Municipal Sewage Treatment	78,688
	\$451,046		\$451,046

Transfers during the fiscal year were as follows:

Fund	Transfer in	Transfer out	Purpose
General Fund	\$ 38,249	\$ 2,686,683	Operations, capital projects, debt service
Public Improvement	1,705,210	1,113,037	Debt service, capital projects
Major Street and Trunkline	353,910	100,000	Operations
Local Street	263,910	-	Operations
Building Authority Bonds	348,721	-	Debt service
Non-voted General Debt	303,037	-	Debt service
Land Acquisition	-	100,000	Debt service
Fire Truck	50,000	-	Operations
Building Authority	348,721	348,721	Debt service
Cemetery Care	-	38,249	Operations
Harbor Transit	329,877	-	Operations
Airport	-	4,945	Operations
Municipal Sewage Treatment	50,000	-	Operations
Marina	500,000	-	Capital projects
Chinook Pier	100,000	_	Debt service
	\$4,391,635	\$ 4,391,635	_

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

7. Risk Management

The City purchases insurance and participates in public entity risk pools for the various risks associated with City operations. Significant risk management activities of the City are accounted for and disclosed below as required by GASB 10.

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft or damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City obtains its liability insurance coverage from Selective Insurance. The City pays an annual premium to Selective Insurance for liability insurance coverage. Selective Insurance is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides, subject to certain deductibles, occurrences based coverage by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. A \$1,000 deductible is maintained to place the responsibility for small charges with the City. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The City manages its workers' compensation risk by participating in the Michigan Municipal League Workers' Compensation Fund (MMLWCF), a public entity risk pool providing workers' compensation coverage to its participating members. The City pays an annual premium to MMLWCF for its workers compensation coverage. The MMLWCF is self-sustaining through member premiums and provides statutory workers compensation coverage to its members by internally insuring certain risks and reinsuring risks through commercial companies. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

During fiscal year 2004, the Board of Light and Power entered into the Michigan Professional Insurance Authority (Authority) to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss. Under this program, the Authority provides for coverage for up to a maximum of \$100,000 for each general liability claim and \$250,000 for each property damage claim. The Board purchases commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Authority for all other risks of loss. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in the past three fiscal years.

All participants in the Authority make payments to the Authority based on experience estimates of the amounts needed to pay prior and current year claims.

				Current				
		Year						
	Begin	ning		Premium		Premium		
	of '	Year	Equivalent		Equivalent]	Balance at
	Liab	oility		Costs		Payments		Year End
2008	\$	_	\$	902,500	\$	902,500	\$	-
2007		-		902,500		902,500		-

8. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantors cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the City Attorney the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

In June 2004, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") issued its Statement 45 - "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other than Pensions." Other post-employment benefits ("OPEB") include post-employment healthcare insurance as well as other forms of post-employment benefits (for example, life insurance) when provided separately from a pension plan. GASB Statement 45 establishes standards for the measurement, recognition and display of OPEB expense/expenditures and related liabilities (assets), note disclosures and, if applicable, required supplementary information in the financial reports of state and local governmental employers. The statement is applicable for the City for its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008.

The City currently provides health care benefits to retirees in accordance with the pension ordinance. Currently, 53 retirees are eligible. For retirees below age 65, the City pays 75 percent to 80 percent of the annual premium (depending on the bargaining unit) and the retiree pays the balance. For retirees age 65 and older, the City pays 10 percent of the annual premium (depending on the bargaining unit) and the retiree pays the balance. Retirees are required to purchase and pay for Medicare supplemental insurance when they become eligible. Expenditures for post-employment health care benefits are recognized annually as the insurance premiums become due. These benefits were paid from the Retiree Health Care Fund (which is funded by all operating funds) and approximated \$248,000 during the year ended June 30, 2008.

The City completed its first actuarial valuation of OPEB as of December 31, 2005. The unfunded actuarial accrued liability attributable to service accrued by plan members as of December 31, 2005 was \$7,598,790. As of December 31, 2005, there were assets totaling \$459,013 available to offset the liabilities of the plan. The City is currently updating the actuarial valuation of OPEB for its fiscal year beginning July 1, 2008.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

10. Pension Plan

Plan Description

The City participates in the Michigan Municipal Employees' Retirement System (MERS), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all employees of the City. The system provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The MERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the system. That report may be obtained by writing to the system at 1134 Municipal Way, Lansing, MI 48917.

Funding Policy

The obligation to contribute to and maintain the system for these employees was established by negotiation with the City's collective bargaining units. For the year ended June 30, 2008, the City continued a policy to contribute 2 percent of gross salaries to MERS in all divisions which are funded 110 percent or over. Further, the City required all employees to contribute 2 percent of gross salaries if their MERS division was funded 110 percent or over. For divisions which are under 110 percent funded, the City and the employees will split the required contribution to maintain or return to funding levels of 110 percent or over at which point the 2 percent contributions by employer and employee would automatically be reinstated. Determination of the funding level is based on the annual actuarial report. For the year ended June 30, 2008, the City's annual pension cost of \$622,259 for the plan was equal to the City's required and actual contributions.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Three-Year Trend Information

_	Fiscal Year Ended June 30,						
		2006		2007	2008		
Annual pension cost (APC) Percentage of APC	\$	-	\$	309,882	\$	622,259	
contributed		100%		100%		100%	
Net pension obligation		None		None		None	

The annual required contribution was determined as part of an actuarial valuation at December 31, 2005, using the entry age normal cost method. Significant actuarial assumptions used include (a) an 8 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 4.5 percent per year, and (c) projected merit and longevity salary increases ranging from 0 percent to 8.4 percent. The actuarial value of assets was determined using techniques that smooth the effects of any given year's variation from an 8 percent return over a five-year period. The unfunded actuarial liability is being amortized as a level percentage of payroll on a closed basis. At December 31, 2007, The remaining amortization period was 28 years.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

As of December 31, 2007, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 106 percent funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits was \$62,249,672, and the actuarial value of assets was \$66,136,443, resulting in a funding excess of \$3,886,771. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$9,930,390, and the ratio of the funding excess to the covered payroll was 39 percent.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as Required Supplemental Information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

11. Component Unit Financial Information

Condensed financial statements for each of the discretely presented component units are included in the government wide financial statements. Complete financial statements of the individual component units can be obtained from their respective administrative offices at 519 Washington, Grand Haven, MI 49417.

12. Joint Ventures

The City is a member of the Grand Haven – Spring Lake Sewer Authority (the "Authority"). The City can appoint two members to the joint venture's governing board, which then approves the annual budget. In the current year, the City incurred expenses totaling \$715,080 to the Authority for sewage treatment. The purpose of the Grand Haven-Spring Lake Sewer Authority is to acquire, own, improve, enlarge, extend, and operate a sewage disposal system. The Authority is governed by a Board of Trustees containing seven members. The participating communities (Cities of Grand Haven and Ferrysburg, Townships of Spring Lake and Grand Haven, Village of Spring Lake, and County of Ottawa) pay a set rate to the Authority to process waste. This rate includes amounts to finance the Authority's debt. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements can be obtained at Grand Haven City Hall.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The City is also a member of the Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant. The City appoints one member to the joint venture's governing board, which then approves the annual budget. In the current year, the City incurred expenses totaling \$674,129 to the plant to purchase water. The purpose of the Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant is to acquire, construct, finance, operate, and maintain a water production facility. The plant is governed by an administrative committee composed of one representative from each of the participating communities (Cities of Grand Haven and Ferrysburg, Townships of Grand Haven and Spring Lake, and County of Ottawa). These participating communities pay for water at a rate that is estimated to cover operation, maintenance, replacement, and debt service. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements can be obtained at Grand Haven City Hall (519 Washington Street).

The Board of Light and Power entered into a joint venture, the Michigan Public Power Agency (MPPA), with 13 other municipal electric systems. The MPPA was formed to undertake the planning, financing, development, acquisition, construction, improvement, operation, and maintenance of projects to supply electric power and energy for present or future needs of its members. Each MPPA member is a municipal corporation organized under the laws of the State of Michigan and owns and operates a municipal electric system. The City is unaware of any circumstances that would cause an additional benefit or burden to the participating governments in the near future. Complete financial statements for the Michigan Public Power Agency can be obtained from the administrative offices at 809 Centennial Way, Lansing, Michigan 48917.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

The MPPA operates various projects. The Board participates in the power pool project and the transmission project. During 2008, the Board had sales of \$7,525,960 to the MPPA and had purchases of \$1,252,682 from the MPPA. At June 30, 2008, the MPPA owed the Board \$1,085,421.

13. Construction Code Fees

The City oversees building construction, in accordance with the State's Construction Code Act, including inspection of building construction and renovation to ensure compliance with the building codes. The City charges fees for these services. The law requires that collection of these fees be used only for construction code costs, including an allocation of estimated overhead costs. A summary of the current year activity and the cumulative surplus or deficit generated since January 1, 2000 is as follows:

Surplus at July 1, 2007		\$ 123,620
Current year building permit revenue		351,340
Related expenses:		
Direct costs	267,626	
Estimated indirect costs	39,514	
Total construction code expenses		307,140
Cumulative Surplus at June 30, 2008		\$ 167,820

14. Commitments

During 2008 and 2007, the Board of Light and Power entered into various coal purchase agreements to purchase 353,500 tons of coal at fixed prices ending on various dates through December 31, 2009. At June 30, 2008, approximately 215,000 tons of coal had been purchased under these agreements.

The City is a plaintiff in an ongoing lawsuit. Legal fees for the entire trial have been estimated to be \$975,000. The City is responsible for approximately \$250,000 of these estimated fees. Legal expenses related to the lawsuit totaling approximately \$92,000 had been incurred by the City through June 30, 2008.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

Amounts required to complete various construction projects are not material to the financial statements.

As disclosed in Note 12, the City is a member of the Grand Haven-Spring Lake Sewer Authority and the Northwest Ottawa Water Treatment Plant. The City, along with the other participating communities, has pledged their full faith and credit for repayment of the outstanding debt of these entities. For all debt, the amount the City is required to contribute to these entities for repayment of debt is not a fixed amount, but is based on the volume of sewage treated and water purchased and is included in the rate charged by these entities.

15. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgetary Funds

During the year ended June 30, 2008, the City incurred expenditures in various funds which were in excess of amounts appropriated, as follows:

				Actual
	Appropriation		Exp	enditures
General Fund				
DPW - Community Promotion	\$	20,885	\$	21,232
DPW - ROW & Parking Lots		163,445		167,302
Non-voted General Debt Fund		303,035		303,037

All expenditures over appropriations as identified above have been paid by excess revenues or by reduced expenditures in other activities.

Required Supplemental Material

	General Fund					
		0.1.1	U(
Year ended June 30, 2008		Original		Final		A atual
1ear enaea June 50, 2008		Budget		Budget		Actual
Revenues						
Taxes	\$	7,208,295	\$	7,653,795	\$	7,723,720
Licenses and permits		522,200		514,200		521,286
Local grants		-		_		-
State sources		1,240,000		1,034,660		1,052,837
Charges for services		896,555		1,010,375		1,015,788
Fines and forfeitures		131,600		148,200		133,763
Reimbursements		-		-		-
Interest, penalties and rent		290,000		375,200		316,094
Miscellaneous revenue		67,960		127,810		118,763
Total Revenues		10,356,610		10,864,240		10,882,251
Expenditures						
Current operations						
General government		2,653,590		2,564,275		2,261,143
Public safety		4,064,525		4,137,260		3,768,655
Public works		1,468,880		1,496,960		1,391,768
Culture and recreation		906,400		1,025,000		956,672
Capital outlay		-		_		-
Debt service		-		-		
Total Expenditures		9,093,395		9,223,495		8,378,238
Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		1,263,215		1,640,745		2,504,013
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Proceeds from issuance of long-term debt		_		_		_
Premium from issuance of long-term debt		_		_		_
Transfers in		15,000		42,400		38,249
Transfers out		(983,930)		(2,672,150)		(2,686,683)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(968,930)		(2,629,750)		(2,648,434)
		(· / /· //		· ,- •,·• ·)
Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under)						
Expenditures and Other Uses		294,285		(989,005)		(144,421)
Fund Balance, at beginning of year		3,480,506		3,480,506		3,480,506
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$	3,774,791	\$	2,491,501	\$	3,336,085

Pul	blic Improvemen	t	2	2008 UTGO Ir	nfrastructure	Bond Fund
Original	Final			Original	Final	
Budget	Budget	Actual		Budget	Budget	Actual
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	- \$	-	\$ -
-	-	-		-	-	-
712,250	4,000	107.146		-	-	-
258,750	210,840	197,146		-	=	-
-	_	-		-	-	-
_	142,650	417,454		_	_	_
30,000	196,000	211,523		-	-	1,644
 -	-	<u> </u>		-	-	880
1,001,000	553,490	826,123		-	-	2,524
10,000	15,170	69,304				
10,000	13,170	07,304		_	_	_
-	_	_		-	_	_
-	-	-		-	-	-
2,414,000	1,671,360	1,000,976		-	-	-
 -	-			-	-	193,952
 2,424,000	1,686,530	1,070,280				193,952
(1,423,000)	(1,133,040)	(244,157)		-	-	(191,428)
-	-	-		-	-	9,400,000 11,471
205,210	1,705,210	1,705,210		_	-	-
(350,000)	(610,000)	(1,113,037)		-	-	-
(144,790)	1,095,210	592,173		-	-	9,411,471
(1,567,790)	(37,830)	348,016		-	-	9,220,043
 4,986,561	4,986,561	4,986,561		-	-	
\$ 3,418,771	\$ 4,948,731	\$ 5,334,577	\$	- \$	-	\$ 9,220,043

Required Supplementary Information for Pension Plans - GASB 50

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) - Entry Age (b)	Funding Excess (a - b)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	Covered Payroll (c)	Funding Excess as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((a - b)/c)
December 31: 2005 2006 2007	\$ 59,414,881 62,578,921 66,136,443	\$ 54,460,342 58,551,043 62,249,672	\$ 4,954,539 4,027,878 3,886,771	109.10% 106.88% 106.24%	\$ 9,029,277 9,474,734 9,930,390	54.87% 42.51% 39.14%

		C	n 00	ial Revenu	10			
			_	Duilding				
		Major Street and		Local				Building uthority
June 30, 2008		Trunkline		Street		Housing	Л	Bonds
<i>June</i> 30, 2000		Tumame		Bucci		Housing		Donas
Assets								
Cash and investments	\$	248,759	\$	134,807	\$	4,294	\$	38,304
Due from other governments		113,975		33,619		-		-
Taxes and other receivables		-		220		2,885		-
Special assessments receivable		-		19,461		-		-
Total Assets	\$	362,734	\$	188,107	\$	7,179	\$	38,304
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities Accounts payable Deferred revenues	\$	356,783	\$	16,236 19,681	\$	123	\$	- -
Total Liabilities		356,783		35,917		123		-
Fund balances								
Reserved for debt service		-		-		_		38,304
Reserved for capital projects		-		-		-		-
Reserved for endowments		-		-		-		-
Unreserved								
Undesignated		5,951		152,190		7,056		-
Total Fund Balances		5,951		152,190		7,056		38,304
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	362,734	\$	188,107	\$	7,179	\$	38,304

Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds

Debt S	ervice			C	apital	l Proje	cts	Permanent	_
Special	Non-v	oted						Cemetery	
Assessment	Gei	neral		Fire	Bui	ilding	Land	Perpetual	Total
Bonds		Debt		Truck	Autl	hority	Acquisition	Care	All Funds
\$240,424	\$	_	\$	152,309	\$	_	\$100,975	\$1,534,668	\$ 2,454,540
-		-		-		_	-	-	147,594
-		-		-		-	-	1,595	4,700
54,908		-		-		-	-	-	74,369
\$295,332	\$	_	\$	152,309	\$	_	\$100,975	\$1,536,263	\$ 2,681,203
	•		•	,	•		, ,	. , ,	. , ,
\$ -	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$ 107	\$ 373,249
54,908		-		-		-	-	-	74,589
54,908		-		-		-	-	107	447,838
240,424		_		-		_	-	-	278,728
-		-		152,309		-	100,975	-	253,284
-		-		-		-	-	1,536,156	1,536,156
<u>-</u>		-		_		-		<u>-</u>	165,197
240,424		-		152,309		-	100,975	1,536,156	2,233,365
\$295,332	\$	_	\$	152,309	\$	_	\$100,975	\$1,536,263	\$ 2,681,203

	S			
	Major	pecial Revenue		Building
	Street and	Local		Authority
Year ended June 30, 2008	Trunkline	Street	Housing	Bonds
			<u> </u>	
Revenues				
State sources	\$ 607,617	\$ 213,427 \$	23,002	\$ -
Charges for services	-	-	-	-
Special assessments	-	8,876	-	-
Reimbursements	36,014	2,670	-	-
Interest income	22,001	8,485	-	1,407
Miscellaneous revenue	-	3,014	28,520	
Total Revenues	665,632	236,472	51,522	1,407
Expenditures				
Public works	780,209	446,212	44,637	-
Capital outlay	1,012,817	202,520	-	-
Debt principal payments	-	-	-	240,000
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	-	108,721
Total Expenditures	1,793,026	648,732	44,637	348,721
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,127,394)	(412,260)	6,885	(347,314)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	353,910	263,910	_	348,721
Transfers out	(100,000)	-	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	253,910	263,910	-	348,721
Revenues and other sources over	(872 181)	(148,350)	6,885	1 407
(under) expenditures and other uses	(873,484)	(140,330)	0,003	1,407
Fund Balance, at beginning of year	879,435	300,540	171	36,897
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$ 5,951	\$ 152,190 \$	7,056	\$ 38,304

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds

D	ebt S	ervice		C	apital Proje	cts	Permanent	
Spe	ecial	Non-vote	ed				Cemetery	
Assessn	nent	Genera	al	Fire	Building	Land	Perpetual	Total
Во	onds	Del	bt	Truck	Authority	Acquisition	Care	All Funds
\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 844,046
Ψ	_	Ψ	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	15,675	15,675
8.	478		_	_	_	_	-	17,354
- ,	_		_	_	_	_	_	38,684
11,	892		-	10,130	_	2,765	76,499	133,179
	-		-	-	-	-	-	31,534
20,	370		_	10,130	_	2,765	92,174	1,080,472
ŕ				,		,	,	, ,
								1 071 050
	-		-	- 272.074	-	-	-	1,271,058
5	-	277.22	-	272,074	-	-	-	1,487,411
	000 903	277,22		-	-	-	-	522,224 138,437
		25,81		-				
8,	903	303,03	7	272,074	-	-	-	3,419,130
11.	467	(303,03	7)	(261,944)	_	2,765	92,174	(2,338,658)
ŕ		, ,		, , ,		,	,	· , , , ,
		202.02	7	50,000	249.721			1 669 200
	-	303,03	/	50,000	348,721 (348,721)	(100,000)	(38,249)	1,668,299 (586,970)
		202.02		<u>-</u>	(340,721)		<u> </u>	
	-	303,03	7	50,000	-	(100,000)	(38,249)	1,081,329
11,	467		-	(211,944)	-	(97,235)	53,925	(1,257,329)
220	057			264.052		100 210	1 400 001	2 400 604
228,	Y3 /		-	364,253	-	198,210	1,482,231	3,490,694
\$ 240,	424	\$	-	\$ 152,309	\$ -	\$100,975	\$1,536,156	\$ 2,233,365

	Major	Street and Tru	unkline	
Year ended June 30, 2008	Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues				
State sources	\$1,074,875	\$ 607,617	\$ (467,258)	
Charges for services	-	-	-	
Special assessments	-	-	-	
Reimbursements	22,000	36,014	14,014	
Interest income	2,000	22,001	20,001	
Miscellaneous revenue	-	-		
Total Revenues	1,098,875	665,632	(433,243)	
Expenditures				
Public works	858,965	780,209	78,756	
Capital outlay	954,365	1,012,817	(58,452)	
Debt principal payments	-	-	-	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-		
Total Expenditures	1,813,330	1,793,026	20,304	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(714,455)	(1,127,394)	(412,939)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	353,910	353,910	-	
Transfers out	(100,000)	(100,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	253,910	253,910		
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	(460,545)	(873,484)	(412,939)	
Fund Balance, at beginning of year	879,435	879,435		
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$ 418,890	\$ 5,951	\$ (412,939)	

Local Street					Housing	
Budget	Actual	Variance		Budget	Actual	Variance
	7.200002	, dizimino		2 waget	110000	, 02200700
\$ 201,735	\$ 213,427	\$ 11,692	\$	53,760	\$ 23,002	\$ (30,758)
2,100	8,876	6,776		-	-	-
2,670	2,670	-		-	-	-
11,600	8,485	(3,115)		-	-	-
3,000	3,014	14		26,100	28,520	2,420
221,105	236,472	15,367		79,860	51,522	(28,338)
478,660	446,212	32,448		60,000	44,637	15,363
296,825	202,520	94,305		-	-	-
-		-		_	_	_
	-			_	-	_
775,485	648,732	126,753		60,000	44,637	15,363
(554,380)	(412,260)	142,120		19,860	6,885	(12,975)
263,910	263,910	- -		- (12,400)	-	12,400
263,910	263,910	-		(12,400)	-	12,400
(290,470)	(148,350)	142,120		7,460	6,885	(575)
300,540	300,540			171	171	
\$ 10,070	\$ 152,190	\$ 142,120	\$	7,631	\$ 7,056	\$ (575)

	Building Authority Bonds			ds			
Year ended June 30, 2008		Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues							
State sources	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Charges for services		_		_		_	
Special assessments		-		-		-	
Reimbursements		-		-		-	
Interest income		1,275		1,407		132	
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-		-	
Total Revenues		1,275		1,407		132	
Expenditures							
Public works		-		-		-	
Capital outlay	-			-		-	
Debt principal payments	2	240,000		240,000		-	
Interest and fiscal charges	1	109,050		108,721		329	
Total Expenditures	3	349,050		348,721		329	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3	347,775)		(347,314)		461	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	3	349,050		348,721		(329)	
Transfers out		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3	349,050		348,721		(329)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		1,275		1,407		132	
Fund Balance, at beginning of year		36,897		36,897			
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$	38,172	\$	38,304	\$	132	

Specia	l Assessment	Bonds	Non-v	oted Genera	l Debt
Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	8,478	8,478	-	-	-
-	-	-	303,035	-	(303,035)
14,500	11,892	(2,608)	-	-	-
	-			-	
14,500	20,370	5,870	303,035	-	(303,035)
-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-
5,000	5,000	-	276,765	277,224	(459)
3,905	3,903	2	26,270	25,813	457
8,905	8,903	2	303,035	303,037	(2)
5,595	11,467	5,872	-	(303,037)	(303,037)
				202.027	202.027
-	-	-	-	303,037	303,037
	-				
	-			303,037	303,037
5,595	11,467	5,872	-	_	_
		,			
228,957	228,957			-	
\$ 234,552	\$ 240,424	\$ 5,872	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

	Fire Truck						
Year ended June 30, 2008		Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues							
State sources	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	
Charges for services	·	_	,	_		_	
Special assessments		_		_		_	
Reimbursements		-		_		-	
Interest income		10,000		10,130		130	
Miscellaneous revenue		-		-			
Total Revenues		10,000		10,130		130	
Expenditures							
Public works		-		-		-	
Capital outlay		272,075		272,074		1	
Debt principal payments	-			-		-	
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-			
Total Expenditures		272,075		272,074		1	
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(262,075)		(261,944)		131	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in		50,000		50,000		-	
Transfers out		-		-			
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		50,000		50,000			
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses		(212,075)		(211,944)		131	
Fund Balance, at beginning of year		364,253		364,253		_	
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$	152,178	\$	152,309	\$	131	

	Bu	ilding Author	rity		La	nd Acquisiti	on	
	Budget	Actual	Variance		Budget	Actual		/ariance
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		-	-		-
	-	-	-		3,000	2,765		(235)
	-	-			-	-		
	-	-	-		3,000	2,765		(235)
	_	_	_		_	_		_
	_	_	_		_	_		_
	_	-	_		_	_		_
	-	-	_		-	-		_
	-	-	-		-	-		_
	-	-	-		3,000	2,765		(235)
,	250 120	240.721	(10.200)					
	359,120	348,721	(10,399)	(1	-	(100,000)		1 025
(.	348,900)	(348,721)	179		101,825)	(100,000)		1,825
	10,220	-	(10,220)	(1	101,825)	(100,000)		1,825
	10,220	-	(10,220)	((98,825)	(97,235)		1,590
	_	-	-	1	198,210	198,210		_
\$	10,220	\$ -	\$ (10,220)	\$	99,385	\$100,975	\$	1,590

	Cemetery Perpetual Care			
Year ended June 30, 2008	Budget		Variance	
Davanuag				
Revenues State sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
	25,000	15,675	(9,325)	
Charges for services Special assessments	25,000	13,073	(9,323)	
Reimbursements	-	-	-	
Interest income	70,600	- 76,499	5,899	
	70,000	70,499	3,899	
Miscellaneous revenue	<u>-</u>	-		
Total Revenues	95,600	92,174	(3,426)	
Expenditures				
Public works	-	-	_	
Capital outlay	-	-	_	
Debt principal payments	-	-	_	
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	_	
Total Expenditures	-	-	_	
Revenues over (under) expenditures	95,600	92,174	(3,426)	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-	-	-	
Transfers out	(30,000)	(38,249)	(8,249)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(30,000)	(38,249)	(8,249)	
Revenues and other sources over (under) expenditures and other uses	65,600	53,925	(11,675)	
Fund Balance, at beginning of year	1,482,231	1,482,231		
Fund Balance, at end of year	\$ 1,547,831	\$ 1,536,156	\$ (11,675)	

	Municipal		
	Sewage	Municipal	Harbor
<i>June 30, 2008</i>	Treatment	Water	Transit
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and investments	\$ 13,536	\$ 794,740	\$ 450
Accounts receivable	381,407	393,326	18,070
Prepaid items	60	120	734
Due from other funds	-	78,688	-
Due from other governments	-	-	381,870
Inventory	8,747	53,729	39,938
Total Current Assets	403,750	1,320,603	441,062
Special Assessments	60,305	-	-
Capital Assets, net of accumulated depreciation	4,602,082	6,948,878	709,480
Total Assets	5,066,137	8,269,481	1,150,542
Liabilities and Net Assets			
Current Liabilities			
Current portion of long-term debt	10,000	11,495	-
Accounts payable	182,336	230,308	45,795
Accrued liabilities	13,490	27,589	87,895
Due to other governments	-	7,352	-
Due to other funds	78,688	_	296,605
Total Current Liabilities	284,514	276,744	430,295
Long-Term Debt – net of current portion	10,000	22,515	
Total Liabilities	294,514	299,259	430,295
Net Assets			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	4,581,732	6,914,494	709,480
Unreserved	189,891	1,055,728	10,767
Total Net Assets	\$4,771,623	\$ 7,970,222	\$ 720,247

Non-Major Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets

				Chinook		
				Pier		
	Marina	Airport		Rental		Total
\$	60,605	\$ 91,846	\$	87,568	\$	1,048,745
·	47,441	19,037	·	41,259	·	900,540
	-	, -		-		914
	-	-		-		78,688
	406,119	-		-		787,989
	-			-		102,414
	514,165	110,883		128,827		2,919,290
	-	-		-		60,305
1	,841,081	3,073,951		977,403		18,152,875
2	2,355,246	3,184,834	1	1,106,230		21,132,470
	-	42,250		94,930		158,675
	67,551	4,649		60		530,699
	2,088	3,248		33,690		168,000
	-	36,724		-		44,076
	44,873	-		-		420,166
	114,512	86,871		128,680		1,321,616
	-	151,150		691,250		874,915
	114,512	238,021		819,930		2,196,531
	,	,		, -		, ,
1	,841,081	2,877,353		158,262		17,082,402
	399,653	69,460		128,038		1,853,537
\$2	2,240,734	\$ 2,946,813	\$	286,300	\$	18,935,939

	Municipal		
	Sewage	Municipal	Harbor
Year ended June 30, 2008	Treatment	Water	Transit
Operating Revenues			
Charges for services	\$1,376,319	\$ 1,456,437	\$ 146,325
Miscellaneous operating revenues	56,228	1,895	-
Total Operating Revenues	1,432,547	1,458,332	146,325
Operating Expenses			
Operations and maintenance	1,059,073	822,452	1,249,061
General and administrative	161,766	344,414	238,057
Distribution	-	301,339	-
Depreciation	60,313	87,258	205,237
Total Operating Expenses	1,281,152	1,555,463	1,692,355
Operating income (loss)	151,395	(97,131)	(1,546,030)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)			
Interest income	5,713	45,335	-
Interest expense	(1,850)	(1,712)	-
Operating subsidies			
Federal	-	-	316,496
State	-	-	548,758
Local	-	-	179,565
Other income (expense)	-	9,125	96
Total Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses)	3,863	52,748	1,044,915
Income (Loss) Before Transfers	155,258	(44,383)	(501,115)
Transfers in (out)	50,000	-	329,877
Change in Net Assets	205,258	(44,383)	(171,238)
Net Assets, at beginning of year	4,566,365	8,014,605	891,485
Net Assets, at end of year	\$4,771,623	\$ 7,970,222	\$ 720,247

Non-Major Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

Marina	A inn out	Chinook Pier	Total
Marina	Airport	Rental	Total
\$ 285,768	\$ 89,957	\$ 101,962	\$ 3,456,768
		47,843	105,966
285,768	89,957	149,805	3,562,734
169,860	60,772	76,118	3,437,336
-	16,983	92,347	853,567
-	-	-	301,339
52,294	174,421	35,866	615,389
222,154	252,176	204,331	5,207,631
63,614	(162,219)	(54,526)	(1,644,897)
8,682	3,386	788	63,904
-	(12,191)	(44,931)	(60,684)
_	_	_	316,496
387,537	_	_	936,295
-	_	_	179,565
72	-	97,094	106,387
396,291	(8,805)	52,951	1,541,963
459,905	(171,024)	(1,575)	(102,934)
500,000	(4,945)	100,000	974,932
959,905	(175,969)	 98,425	871,998
1,280,829	3,122,782	187,875	18,063,941
\$2,240,734	\$ 2,946,813	\$ 286,300	\$ 18,935,939

	Municipal		
	Sewage	Municipal	Harbor
Year ended June 30, 2008	Treatment	Water	Transit
Cash Flows from Operating Activities			
Receipts from customers and users	\$1,343,316	\$ 1,455,775	\$ 172,771
Receipts from interfund services provided	78,688	-	147,155
Payments to suppliers	(1,065,191)	(1,112,318)	(428,036)
Payments to employees	(125,090)	(261,119)	(1,103,767)
Payments for interfund services used	-	(78,688)	
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)			_
Operating Activities	231,723	3,650	(1,211,877)
Cash Flows from Non-Capital			
Financing Activities			
Proceeds from operating grants and other	-	-	884,977
Transfers in (out)	50,000	-	329,877
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Non-Capital			
Financing Activities	50,000	-	1,214,854
Cash Flows from Capital and Related			
Financing Activities			
Proceeds from capital grants and other	-	-	23,628
Principal payments on long-term debt	(10,000)	(11,731)	-
Interest payments on long-term debt	(2,025)	(1,841)	-
Transfers in from other funds	-	-	-
Purchase of capital assets	(472,339)	(513,523)	(26,605)
Net Cash Used for Capital and Related			
Financing Activities	(484,364)	(527,095)	(2,977)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities			
Interest received on investments	5,713	45,335	
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash			
and Investments	(196,928)	(478,110)	-
Cash and Investments – at beginning of year	210,464	1,272,850	450
Cash and Investments – at end of year	\$ 13,536	\$ 794,740	\$ 450

Non-Major Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

		CL: 1	
		Chinook Pier	
Marina	Airport	Rental	Total
	<u> </u>		
ф 25 0.060 ф	04144 \$	220.570	¢ 2554626
\$ 259,060 \$ 44,873	94,144 \$	229,570	\$ 3,554,636 270,716
(44,415)	(79,563)	(171,596)	(2,901,119)
(81,031)	-	-	(1,571,007)
-	-	-	(78,688)
			<u> </u>
178,487	14,581	57,974	(725,462)
-	-	-	884,977
	(4,945)	100,000	474,932
	(4.0.45)	100.000	4.270.000
-	(4,945)	100,000	1,359,909
			23,628
_	(36,500)	(89,930)	(148,161)
_	(10,882)	(48,701)	(63,449)
500,000	-	-	500,000
(879,159)	-	-	(1,891,626)
			_
(379,159)	(47,382)	(138,631)	(1,579,608)
8,682	3,386	788	63,904
(191,990)	(34,360)	20,131	(881,257)
252,595	126,206	67,437	1,930,002
\$ 60,605 \$	91,846 \$	87,568	\$ 1,048,745

	1	Municipal			
		Sewage]	Municipal	Harbor
Year ended June 30, 2008	7	<u>Freatment</u>		Water	Transit
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to					
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating					
Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$	151,395	\$	(97,131)	\$(1,546,030)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided by (used for) operations					
Depreciation		60,313		87,258	205,237
Other income (expense)		-		9,125	96
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable		(89,231)		(12,282)	26,350
Due from other funds		-		(78,688)	-
Due from other governments		-		-	-
Prepaid items		(60)		(120)	(734)
Inventory		(894)		2,003	(7,064)
Accounts payable		24,601		92,650	5,390
Accrued liabilities		6,911		(6,517)	(42,277)
Due to other funds		-		-	147,155
Due to other governments		-		7,352	-
Deferred revenue		78,688		-	
N. C. I.D. III (T. 16.)					
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)	Φ	021 702	Φ	2 (50	¢ (1 211 077)
Operating Activities	\$	231,723	\$	3,650	\$(1,211,877)

Non-Major Proprietary Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Marina	Airport	Chinook Pier Rental	Total
\$ 63,614	\$ (162,219)	\$ (54,526)	\$ (1,644,897)
52,294 72	174,421 -	35,866 97,094	615,389 106,387
(8,198) - (18,582) - 46,167 (1,753) 44,873	4,187 - - - (1,838) 30 - -	(17,329) - - - 60 (3,191) - -	(96,503) (78,688) (18,582) (914) (5,955) 167,030 (46,797) 192,028 7,352 78,688
\$ 178,487	\$ 14,581	\$ 57,974	\$ (725,462)

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Assets

	Motor		Health	
June 30, 2008	Pool	Insurance	Benefits	Total
Assets				
Current Assets				
Cash and investments	\$1,382,740	\$ 664,569	\$ 709,116	\$2,756,425
Accounts receivable	1,441	833	62,602	64,876
Prepaid items	90	143,386	55,322	198,798
Due from other governments	660	-	-	660
Inventory	11,954	-	-	11,954
Total Current Assets	1,396,885	808,788	827,040	3,032,713
Equipment, net of accumulated				
depreciation of \$1,894,895	1,524,243	-	-	1,524,243
Total Assets	2,921,128	808,788	827,040	4,556,956
Liabilities and Net Assets				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	33,607	698	1,909	36,214
Accrued liabilities	13,158	-	96,344	109,502
Total Liabilities	46,765	698	98,253	145,716
Net Assets				
Invested in capital assets, net of				
related debt	1,524,243	-	-	1,524,243
Unreserved	1,350,120	808,090	728,787	2,886,997
Net Assets	\$2,874,363	\$ 808,090	\$ 728,787	\$4,411,240

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Assets

	Motor		Health	
Year ended June 30, 2008	Pool	Insurance	Benefits	Total
Operating Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 699,676	\$ 433,084	\$ 2,575,139	\$3,707,899
Operating Expenses				
Wages and payroll benefits	148,024	-	-	148,024
Operating supplies	319,601	-	-	319,601
Insurance	28,524	399,883	2,565,728	2,994,135
Depreciation	227,511	-	-	227,511
Professional services	16,599	-	155,830	172,429
Miscellaneous	2,281	-	-	2,281
Total Operating Expenses	742,540	399,883	2,721,558	3,863,981
Operating income (loss)	(42,864)	33,201	(146,419)	(156,082)
Non-Operating Revenues				
Interest income	40,090	27,651	24,808	92,549
Other income	7,195	-	32,884	40,079
Total Non-Operating Revenues	47,285	27,651	57,692	132,628
Change in Net Assets	4,421	60,852	(88,727)	(23,454)
Net Assets, at beginning of year	2,869,942	747,238	817,514	4,434,694
Net Assets, at end of year	\$2,874,363	\$ 808,090	\$ 728,787	\$4,411,240

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

		Motor		Health	
Year ended June 30, 2008		Pool	Insurance	Benefits	Total
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers and users	\$	707,409	\$ 433,384	. ,	\$3,833,842
Payments to suppliers		(377,421)	(405,036)	(424,880)	(1,207,337)
Payments to employees		(148,456)	-	-	(148,456)
Claims paid		-	-	(2,373,870)	(2,373,870)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities Cash Flows from Capital and Related		181,532	28,348	(105,701)	104,179
Financing Activities Purchase of capital assets		(133,991)	-	-	(133,991)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Interest income		40,090	27,651	24,808	92,549
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Investments		87,631	55,999	(80,893)	62,737
Cash and Investments, at					
beginning of year	1	1,295,109	608,570	790,009	2,693,688
Cash and Investments, at end of year	\$ 1	1,382,740	\$ 664,569	\$ 709,116	\$2,756,425

This Statement Covers More Than One Page.

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

	Motor			Health	
Year ended June 30, 2008	Pool	I	nsurance	Benefits	Total
Reconciliation of Operating Income					
(Loss) to Net Cash Provided by					
(Used for) Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (42,864)	\$	33,201	\$ (146,419)	\$ (156,082)
Adjustments to reconcile operating					
income (loss) to net cash provided					
by (used for) operating activities					
Other income	7,195		-	32,884	40,079
Depreciation	227,511		-		227,511
Changes in assets and liabilities					
Accounts receivable	(602)		300	85,026	84,724
Prepaid items	(90)		(299)	(12,275)	(12,664)
Due from other governments	1,140		-	-	1,140
Inventory	(2,907)		-	-	(2,907)
Accounts payable	(7,419)		(2,085)	227	(9,277)
Accrued liabilities	-		-	(65,144)	(65,144)
Due to other governments	(432)		(2,769)	-	(3,201)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for)					
Operating Activities	\$ 181,532	\$	28,348	\$ (105,701)	\$ 104,179

Agency Funds

Combining Balance Sheet

			Tax	Trust and	
<i>June 30, 2008</i>	Payroll	(Collection	Agency	Total
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 128,933	\$	32,840	\$ 208,212	\$ 369,985
Due from other governments	3,400		_	-	3,400
Accounts receivable	30,646		-	-	30,646
Total Assets	\$ 162,979	\$	32,840	\$ 208,212	\$ 404,031
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 142,979	\$	32,840	\$ -	\$ 175,819
Due to other funds	20,000		-	-	20,000
Trust deposits	-		-	208,212	208,212
Total Liabilities	\$ 162,979	\$	32,840	\$ 208,212	\$ 404,031

City of Grand Haven, Michigan

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

Balance Balance July 1, 2007 Increases Decreases June 30, 2008 **Trust and Agency Assets** Cash and investments \$ 176,861 \$ \$ 5,109 36,460 208,212 Liabilities \$ Accounts payable 5,171 \$ \$ 5,171 Trust deposits 176,861 36,460 5,109 208,212 \$ 176,861 41,631 208,212 10,280 **Tax Collection Assets** Cash and investments \$ 72,271 \$28,835,438 \$28,874,869 \$ 32,840 Accounts receivable 19,506 19,506 \$ 72,271 \$28,854,944 \$28,894,375 \$ 32,840 Liabilities Accounts payable 72,271 \$27,228,334 \$27,267,765 \$ 32,840 Due to other governments 52,493,139 52,493,139

\$ 72,271

\$79,721,473

This Statement Covers More Than One Page.

\$79,760,904

\$

32,840

City of Grand Haven, Michigan

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities

	Balance				Balance
	July 1, 2007	Increases	Decreases	June	2008
Payroll					
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 53,739	\$12,288,476	\$12,213,282	\$	128,933
Due from other governments	13,242	47,898	57,740		3,400
Accounts receivable	28,819	40,719	38,892		30,646
Due from other funds	_	11,696,331	11,696,331		-
	\$ 95,800	\$24,073,424	\$24,006,245	\$	162,979
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 95,800	\$14,624,726	\$14,577,547	\$	142,979
Due to other funds	-	46,013	26,013	Ψ	20,000
	\$ 95,800	\$14,670,739	\$14,603,560	\$	162,979
	+ > - ,	+ - 1,010,00	+ - 1,000,000	т	
Totals - all agency funds					
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 302,871	\$41,160,374	\$41,093,260	\$	369,985
Due from other governments	13,242	47,898	57,740		3,400
Accounts receivable	28,819	60,225	58,398		30,646
Due from other funds	-	11,696,331	11,696,331		-
	\$ 344,932	\$52,964,828	\$52,905,729	\$	404,031
T := 1:0:4: -					
Liabilities	¢ 160 071	¢ 41 050 221	¢ 41 050 402	¢	175 010
Accounts payable	\$ 168,071	\$41,858,231	\$41,850,483	\$	175,819
Due to other funds	176.061	46,013	26,013		20,000
Trust deposits	176,861	36,460	5,109		208,212
Due to other governments	-	52,493,139	52,493,139		_
	\$ 344,932	\$94,433,843	\$94,374,744	\$	404,031

City of Grand Haven, Michigan

Management Letter Year ended June 30, 2008





3145 HENRY STREET, STE. 200 MUSKEGON, MI 49441-4052 Tel: 231-739-9441 FAX: 231-733-0031 WWW.PRIDNIALAPRES.COM

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Grand Haven, Michigan

Pridnia dather, PLLC

During the course of our audit of the financial statements of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan as of June 30, 2008 and for the year then ended, we observed the City's significant accounting policies and procedures and certain administrative, and financial practices.

As a result of our observations, we have prepared for management's review and evaluation, the enclosed memorandum containing matters regarding internal control, financial and administrative practices of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan.

Matters which related to internal accounting control were not of a magnitude that would effect the presentation of the financial statements.

We appreciate the outstanding cooperation from management and the staff of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan that our personnel received during the audit.

October 27, 2008

City of Grand Haven, Michigan

New Pronouncements

There are several new pronouncements that have been issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that will affect future financial statements issued by the City. A brief summary of these new pronouncements is presented below:

GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions addresses how the City should account for and report costs and obligations related to postemployment healthcare and other non-pension benefits. Collectively these benefits are referred to as other postemployment benefits (OPEB). It will require the City to account for OPEB essentially the same as is done for pensions. This will require an actuarial valuation for the applicable OPEB plans. If a trust is established it will be reported as a pension trust fund. If the annual required contribution is not made a liability will be reported for the unpaid portion. This pronouncement will be effective for the City for the year ending June 30, 2009.

GASB Statement No. 49, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pollution Remediation Obligations discusses how to identify and report pollution remediation obligations. Examples include water pollution, brownfield remediation and asbestos removal but not landfill closure costs. The pronouncement identifies five obligating events which could trigger recording a liability. The liability would include pre-cleanup, cleanup activities, oversight and enforcement activities. A liability is required to be reported once it is possible to reasonably estimate the liability, regardless of whether it is probable that it will be paid. The pronouncement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2009.

GASB Statement No. 51, Accounting and Reporting for Intangible Assets requires that all intangible assets not specifically excluded by its scope provisions be classified as capital assets. Goodwill is specifically excluded. Accordingly, existing authoritative guidance related to the accounting and financial reporting for capital assets should be applied to these intangible assets, as applicable. Examples of assets that may be considered intangible assets include easements, water rights, timber rights, patents, trademarks, and computer software. There are special rules for internally generated software. This pronouncement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2010.

City of Grand Haven, Michigan

GASB Statement No. 52, Land and Other Real Estate Held as Investments by Endowments - Requires land and real estate held by endowments to be reported at fair value with changes in fair value reported as investment income. This pronouncement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2009. Unless an endowment is established, this will have no effect on the financial reporting of the City.

GASB Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments requires that derivatives be recognized and measured at fair value with changes recognized as investment income. Hedges must be evaluated for effectiveness. Examples of derivatives are interest rate locks or swaps. The approach is similar to private sector accounting and reporting. This pronouncement will be effective for the year ending June 30, 2010.

GASB Invitation to Comment, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* attempts to clarify the availability of resources in funds other than the General Fund and define what is meant by "legally restricted". The pronouncement would clarify the fund balance classifications and eliminate the "reserved fund balance" category. The new categories would be Spendable and Nonspendable, with the spendable being further broken down into four sub-categories: restricted, limited, assigned and unassigned.



3145 HENRY STREET, STE. 200 MUSKEGON, MI 49441-4052 TEL: 231-739-9441 FAN: 231-733-0031 WWW.PRIDNIALAPRES.COM

To the Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Grand Haven Michigan October 27, 2008

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a significant deficiency.

Governmental fund capital assets and related depreciation are not being tracked on an individual asset basis. As a result, there is the potential for items that are no longer being used by the City to remain as capital assets and the potential for inaccurate depreciation estimates to be recorded.

A *material weakness* is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiency constitutes a material weakness.

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires internal controls over both (1) recording, processing and summarizing accounting data (i.e., maintaining internal books and records), and (2) reporting financial statements, including the related footnotes (i.e., external financial reporting). During the audit of the City, several adjustments, material in the aggregate to the financial statements of the City, were identified by the auditors, who cannot by definition be considered a part of the City's internal controls.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the City Council of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan, management and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Pridnia dather, PLLC



3145 HENRY STREET, STE. 200 MUSKEGON, MI 49441-4052 Tel: 231-739-9441 FAX: 231-733-0031 WWW.PRIDNIALAPRES.COM

Members of the Audit Committee City of Grand Haven, Michigan 519 Washington Street Grand Haven, Michigan 49417 October 27, 2008

Dear Mayor Bergman and Members of the Audit Committee:

Professional standards require us to advise you of the following matters relating to our recently completed audit of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2008. The matters discussed herein are those that we have noted as of October 27, 2008 and we have not updated our procedures regarding these matters since that date to the current date.

Our Responsibility under Generally Accepted Auditing Standards

As stated in our engagement letter dated May 19, 2008, our responsibility, as prescribed by professional standards, is to plan and perform our audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatements, whether caused by error or fraud. An audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards does not provide absolute assurance or guarantee the accuracy of the financial statements and is subject to the inherent risk that errors or fraud, if they exist, have not been detected. Such standards also require that we obtain a sufficient understanding of the City's internal control to plan the audit. However, such understanding is required for the purpose of determining our audit procedures and not to provide any assurance concerning such internal control.

Overview of Planned Scope and Timing of the Audit

A discussion was held with the Audit Committee on June 2, 2008 regarding the planned scope and timing of the audit, the intention of which was to assist those charged with governance in understanding better the consequences of our audit work on your oversight responsibilities along with assisting us in understanding better the City and its environment. The focus of this discussion included how the risks of material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud, would be addressed and on factors, rather than specific thresholds or amounts, that would impact materiality used in our planning and execution of the audit.

Significant Findings from the Audit

Management Judgments and Accounting Estimates

Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ markedly from management's current judgments. We have made tests of management's estimates and deemed them to be appropriate.

There were no material contingencies, as defined in FASB Statement No. 5, for which we had questions or concerns about the reasonableness of the accounting or the adequacy of the financial statement disclosure.

Misstatements

Professional standards require the auditor to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Additionally, we are required to communicate with those charged with governance uncorrected misstatements and the effect that they may have on the opinion in the auditor's report, and request their correction.

During our audit, material corrected misstatements were brought to the attention of management by us and are attached.

Discussion about the Quality of Significant Accounting Practices

In accordance with applicable auditing standards, a discussion was held with the Audit Committee on June 2, 2008 regarding the quality of the City's significant accounting practices, which included the City's significant accounting practices, estimates, and financial statement disclosures.

Adoption of a Change in Accounting Principle

There were no situations involving the adoption of or a change in accounting principles where the application of alternative generally accepted accounting principles, including alternative methods of applying an accounting principle, would have a material effect on the City's financial statements.

Disagreements with Management

Professional standards define a disagreement with management as a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter that could be significant to the City's financial statements or the audit report. No such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Consultation with Other Accountants

There may be circumstances where the City considers consulting with other accountants about accounting and auditing matters. We are not aware of any consultations about accounting or auditing matters between management and other accountants. We are also not aware of opinions obtained by management from other accountants on the application of generally accepted accounting principles.

Significant Issues Discussed with Management Prior to Our Retention

Prior to our being retained as auditor for the current fiscal year, there were no significant accounting or other issues of concern discussed with management.

Material Alternative Accounting Treatments Discussed with Management

During the past year, there were no discussions with management concerning material alternative accounting treatments.

Significant Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

There were no significant difficulties encountered during the course of the audit. All records and information requested by Pridnia LaPres, PLLC were freely available for inspection. Management and other personnel provided full cooperation.

Representations Requested from Management

Refer to the management representation letter that we have provided to those charged with governance.

Other Issues Arising from the Audit that We Consider Significant and Relevant to Those Charged with Governance

There were no other issues arising from the audit that we consider significant and relevant to those charged with governance.

Other Material Written Communications with Management

We have provided to those charged with governance copies of all material written communications that we prepared in connection with our annual audit.

Internal Control Matters

We have communicated, in writing, to management and to those charged with governance, all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in connection with our audit of the financial statements that we are aware of.

Independence

We are not aware of any circumstances or relationships that would impair our independence.

Should you desire further information concerning these matters, we will be happy to meet with you at your convenience.

This letter is solely for the internal use of those charged with governance and management of the City of Grand Haven, Michigan and should not be distributed to any other persons or used for any other purpose.

Very truly yours,

Pridnia dather, PLLC